

THE HARTFORD HERALD.

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40th YEAR.

HARTFORD, KY., WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 26, 1914.

NO. 34

JAPAN DECLARES WAR ON GERMANY

The Pronunciamento Is Greeted With Cheers.

FIGHTING TO BEGIN AT ONCE

Tokio Emperor Orders Beginning of Operations On Land and Sea.

ACTION ELIMINATES AUSTRIA

Tokio, Aug. 23.—The Emperor of Japan to-day declared war upon Germany.

This action was taken at the expiration of the time limit of Japan's ultimatum to Germany demanding the surrender of Kiau Chau.

The Japanese Government has ordered the beginning of operations on land and sea.

The Imperial Rescript declaring war upon Germany was issued this evening. It officially inaugurates hostilities in the Far East as a result of Germany's failure to reply to the Japanese ultimatum.

The proclamation of the Emperor sent a thrill through the country. Japan's entrance upon the fulfillment of her obligations to her ally, Great Britain, responds to the popular will from one end of the land to the other. Cheering crowds assembled to-day before the buildings occupied by the Department of Foreign Affairs and the Administration of the Navy. This evening there were lantern processions through the streets. The popular manifestations, however, do not approach the enthusiasm which preceded the war with Russia.

Count Von Rex, the German Ambassador, has been handed his passports. He probably will leave for America either on the Minnesota, sailing August 27, or the Manchuria, which departs on August 29. George W. Guthrie, the American Ambassador, will represent Germany. The Diet has been convoked in special session for September 3.

The Austrian cruiser Kaiserin Elizabeth, which latterly was at Tsing-Tau, the seaport of Kiau Chau, is reported to have sailed. She perhaps will go to neutral port and disarm. It is believed this action will keep Austria out of the war in the Orient, although unforeseen circumstances may force Japan to change this policy. No action yet has been taken relative to Austria, and the Foreign Office has explained that Japan will remain friendly, unless Austria adopts an attitude which it regards as offensive.

Fine Farm For Sale.

On account of not being able to properly attend to my farm, situated on Rough creek, in Ohio county, about 1 1/4 miles from Dundee, Ky., on the M., H. & E. R. R., and the same distance from Narrows, Ky., on the I. C. R. R., I have decided to sell same, consisting of about 190 acres. Will sell as a whole or divide it into two or three parts and sell separately.

The greater part of the farm is Rough creek second bottom land which does not overflow. Have large barn, good orchard and good, inexhaustible well of water. This is an opportunity to buy a good farm at a reasonable price. For further particulars, call on or address,

W. H. MOORE,

Narrows, Ky.

or E. P. MOORE,

Hartford, Ky.

RECREANT HUSBAND IS TRACKED BY HIS WIFE

St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 22.—George W. Jennings and his alleged affinity, Mrs. Mary Fasco, 27 years old, were trailed from Paducah, Ky., to 514 Missouri avenue, East St. Louis, by Jennings's wife, Alice, 21 years old, and arrested there to-day on a warrant charging a statutory offense.

After the arrest Mrs. Jennings relented, and on her husband's agreement to return to their home and children, decided not to prosecute him.

Mrs. Fasco was tried in Justice of the Peace Ziegler's Court, and fined \$100 and costs. She was released on payment of costs. She said she would not return to her husband in Paducah, but would go

to Arkansas with her son, Carl, 7 years old, who accompanied her.

Mrs. Jennings is the mother of two children, the oldest 5 years old. When she learned her husband's whereabouts she mortgaged her furniture to go to East St. Louis. When she arrived she had but \$1.20. She paid this money to obtain a warrant, sacrificing her breakfast.

UNCIVILIZED ACTS ARE CHARGED AGAINST TROOPS

London, Aug. 22.—Telegraphing from Paris, Reuter's correspondent sends the following:

"The French Government is addressing a note to the Powers signatory to The Hague Convention of October, 1907, pointing out that the German military authorities have violated the articles of the convention in that on the tenth of August this year, according to a communication from the General in command of the eastern forces, German troops dispatched a number of wounded by firing shots in their faces and that the wounds of other injured people were deliberately made worse by being torn open."

The correspondent adds that the note will say further:

"Also on that same date Bavarian foot soldiers in the Montigny and Montreux districts, systematically fired villages through which they passed without the slightest provocation, and villagers were forced to precede the German scouts on the march."

"On August 11 German troops burned villages, massacred their inhabitants and drove the women and children to the battlefield, and on other occasions they murdered prisoners and shot the wounded."

"The French Government will leave to the earnest consideration of the Powers such reprehensible acts and criminal deeds that have never before so dishonored civilized belligerents."

A SON GOES TO DEATH UNDER FATHER'S ORDERS

Paris, Aug. 24.—Colonel Folque, commander of a division of artillery at the front, recently needed a few men for a perilous mission and called for volunteers.

"Those who undertake this mission will perhaps never come back," he said, "and he who commands will be one of the first sons of France to die for his country in this war."

Volunteers were numerous. A young graduate of a polytechnic school asked for the honor of leading those who would undertake the mission. It was the son of Colonel Folque. The latter paled, but did not flinch. His son did not come back.

THE LADY CONTINUES TO RUN HER PEANUT STAND

Henderson, Ky., Aug. 22.—The popcorn and peanut business received a new distinction in Henderson when an injunction was granted by the circuit court, restraining the mayor of Henderson, J. W. Johnson, from interfering with the business of Mary Cimini, who has been operating a popcorn and peanut stand on the streets of Henderson. Mrs. Cimini has supported a large family with her earnings from peanut and popcorn sales, but an effort is being made to force all stands from the streets. Mrs. Cimini says that she holds a huckster license, and that this includes a right to sell peanuts and popcorn on the streets. The case has achieved considerable local importance.

CONGRESSMEN ARRESTED JUST TO GET A QUORUM

Washington, Aug. 22.—Warrants were issued by Speaker Clark for forty-three members of the House before a quorum could be assembled to continue consideration of a war claim bill. Deputy sergeants-at-arms rounded up the absentees, who were scattered all over the city. Ten were located in a party at the American League baseball park.

Housekeepers Organize.

Frankfort, Ky., Aug. 22.—More than 200 housekeepers met to-night in the old Capitol grounds and organized themselves into the Frankfort Consumers' League for the purpose of having investigated the advance in food products to local consumers.

Resolutions were adopted calling on State, county and city officers to take a hand, and asking Judge Stout to charge the next grand jury to investigate alleged pooling agreements.

FINE PROSPECTS FOR DEMOCRATS

In the Coming November Election.

THE NAME OF J. N. CAMDEN

Adds Strength To Ticket—Vote, Though Light, Figures Out Good.

ORGANIZATION WELL IN HAND

(By Thomas B. Cromwell.)

Lexington, Ky., Aug. 22.—The total vote cast by Democrats, Republicans and Progressives at the August primary election, as shown by the official count canvassed and published by the State Board of Election Commissioners at Frankfort last Saturday, was 225,908, which was 211,954 less than the total vote cast by the three parties at the Presidential election in 1912, and 196,299 less than the combined vote of the Democrats and Republicans at the gubernatorial election in 1911, when Governor James B. McCreary defeated Judge Edward C. O'Rear, Republican nominee, by 31,335.

At the August primary the vote was divided 168,805 Democratic, 53,135 Republican and 3,968 Progressive. The stay-at-homes, taking the Presidential election of 1912 as the basis for calculation, were 40,779 Democrats, 62,377 Republicans and 98,798 Progressives. Thus it is shown that 96 per cent of the Progressives of 1912 failed to go to the polls; that nearly 56 per cent of the Republicans did not vote and that only 19 per cent of the Democrats failed to participate in the primary.

This augurs well for Democratic success in November and it seems to sustain in a quite forcible manner the general claim of the Democratic leaders that former Governor J. C. W. Beckham is in no danger of defeat for United States Senator at the hands of either former Governor Augustus Everett Willson or Burton Vance.

There will be some Democrats who went into the primary and voted for Governor McCreary or Congressman A. O. Stanley who will not vote for Beckham, but these are comparatively few and probably will be fully equalized by Republicans who voted for Colonel Richard P. Ernst and will not support Willson.

In 1912 the Democratic vote for President was 219,584, while the combined Republican and Progressive vote was 218,278. It was shown quite clearly that 15 per cent of the 102,766 Progressive votes had previously been allied with the Democratic party; so, if the Progressive party in Kentucky is disintegrating and a very appreciable percentage of it will vote for a candidate for the United States Senate other than Mr. Vance, it is logical that the Democratic party will get back the same ratio of the drifting Moosemen. It is also logical to suppose that Willson will get no more of the Socialist, Prohibition and Social-Labor party vote than will Beckham.

The Democratic ticket is materially strengthened by the presence thereof of the name of Senator Johnson N. Camden, who for the short term senatorial nomination received 73,856 votes, the highest number cast for any candidate at the August primary. It is further strengthened by the personal organizations which have been created by the Democratic nominees for Representative in the first nine congressional districts and by the organization that is to be made by and for Nat B. Sewell, the Democratic nominee in the Eleventh Congressional District.

Uncle Sam's Stand.

The United States has made public a statement defining its attitude toward the ultimatum issued by Japan to Germany. Although it intends to maintain its attitude of strict neutrality, the Government states that Japan must not seek to aggrandize any territory, must restore Kiau Chau to China and take no action in any other part of China without consulting the United States.

The Warren county fruit growers have shipped 20 carloads of peaches north. There were 8,000 bushels that brought \$12,000.

CARRANZA ENTERS MEXICAN CAPITAL

Amid Wild Scenes Of Rejoicing.

VERITABLE TRIUMPHAL MARCH

Great Crowds Greet the Constitutional Leader and His Troops.

EVENT WAS MADE A HOLIDAY

Mexico City, Aug. 20.—Gen. Venustiano Carranza, the supreme chief of the Mexican revolution, and from to-day Provisional President of the republic, entered the capital at noon. He was given an enthusiastic reception by the crowds on the streets.

It is estimated that more than 150,000 persons crowded the line of march of the new President and his followers, which extended from the village of Atcapatzalco to the national palace, a distance of six miles. There was not the slightest disorder as Gen. Carranza and his staff passed through the cheering crowds, which showered them with flowers and confetti, and from which came cries of "Long live Carranza; long live the Constitutional Government."

At dawn to-day the Constitutionalist troops began forming at close intervals in a double line along the entire distance over which the victorious Constitutional leader was to pass. Back of the troops were ranged the sightseers, and every roof and balcony also held spectators.

It was near noon when Gen. Carranza, mounted on a superb horse and accompanied by his staff and the Generals of the Northwest, the Central and Northeast divisions of the Constitutional army, left Atcapatzalco, escorted by a squadron of cavalry and the Fourth Sonora battalion of infantry, which acted as the guard of honor. On reaching the city limits the column was met by the Mayor and the City Council of the capital, who delivered to Gen. Carranza the keys of the city.

After this ceremony the cavalcade proceeded to the historic Chapultepec castle, where two batteries of artillery fired a salute in honor of the new Chief Executive. Here the parade turned down the beautiful Paseo de la Reforma avenue, which was designed by the unfortunate Empress Carlotta, and which leads from the castle to the national palace.

Along this section of the line of march were grouped hundreds of school children, dressed in white, each carrying a bouquet and a Mexican flag. As Carranza passed they sang a hymn written for the occasion, entitled "Union and Liberty."

When the procession reached the National Theater it halted in order that the Chief Executive might receive at the hands of a delegation of workmen the flag which President Madero dropped at that very spot on the fateful 9th of February, 1913, the date of the Huerta-Diaz uprising.

Passing down the Avenida San Francisco the crowds gave the new President a continuous ovation. This avenue leads to the historic Plaza de la Constitution, the cathedral and the national and municipal palaces forming its sides. Here an immense throng had been gathered since early in the morning and vociferously cheered Gen. Carranza as he passed through the main entrance of the national palace.

A few moments after he entered, President Carranza appeared on the balcony under the Liberty bell and addressed the crowd, promising a new era of real constitutional government. The troops then passed in review before the new Executive, a band of 200 pieces massed in the square meanwhile playing martial airs.

The day was a holiday, and all places of business were closed.

"PISTOL-TOTING" CASES GO TO CIRCUIT COURTS

Lexington, Ky., Aug. 22.—Circuit Judge Charles Kerr to-day decided that Charles Stevenson, who had been fined and given thirty days' imprisonment in the workhouse by Police Judge J. J. Riley on the charge of carrying concealed weapons, was illegally detained and ordered his re-

lease from custody. Stevenson was at once arrested, taken before Magistrate Charles Dood and his examining trial set for August 25.

The decision is a very important one, inasmuch as it relates to the new concealed weapon law passed, by the last Legislature, which provides disfranchisement of a man found guilty of carrying concealed weapons, in addition to the fine and imprisonment. The effect of the decision is that no court inferior to the Circuit Court has jurisdiction to inflict the punishment pronounced by the statute against carrying concealed weapons. Though, of course, county courts, police courts and justices courts sitting as examining courts may bind offenders over to the grand jury.

FALLS 1,000 FEET AND ESCAPES WITH BRUISES

Mineola, N. Y., Aug. 22.—Albert Fileux, of New York City, an aviator, fell 1,000 feet in his monoplane to the Hempstead aviation field to-day and escaped with his life. He was badly bruised and lacerated but surgeons at the Nassau Hospital said he was suffering chiefly from shock and that they thought he would live.

Fileux fell while looping the loop. He had completed the circle and the nose of his aeroplane was pointed straight for earth, preparatory to making a long glide, when his engine went dead. The machine fell like a plummet. Onlookers watching the flight saw his frantic efforts to right the aeroplane and when those failed, saw him swing himself into the cockpit of the machine so that he would not be caught beneath the heavy engine.

As he climbed back his weight so disturbed the balance of the monoplane that instead of falling nose down it turned when a hundred feet from the earth and hit the ground on the front wheels. These collapsed and the machine somersaulted. The hangar attendants, who rushed out expecting to pick up his mangled body found him conscious and without broken bones.

FOUR SONS ARE GIVEN TO THE FRENCH CAUSE

Paris, August 22.—A woman with four sons in the French army to-day walked slowly down the steps of one of the municipal offices where relatives are informed officially whether soldiers are dead, wounded or unreported. She was exceedingly white, but her emotion was greater than could be expressed in tears. A friend came up quickly and said:

"Have you good news? I am so glad! Jean is safe."

"Yes, they are all safe," was the reply. "They are safe in the arms of the Father. I am proud to give all to the cause."

THE WATCHFUL WAITING POLICY WINS IN MEXICO

Washington, Aug. 21.—"The situation in Mexico is very favorable and you can quote me as saying 'watchful waiting wins,'" said Secretary Bryan to-day, his face wreathed in smiles. "The peaceful transfer of authority has taken place and we are hoping for an era of peace, progress and prosperity."

Mr. Bryan said the question of recognition of the Carranza Government and withdrawal of the American forces at Vera Cruz had not yet been considered.

KENTUCKY HORSES ARE DECREASING IN VALUE

Washington, D. C., Aug. 24.—The Kentucky horse has decreased \$1.00 in value during the past year, but the total number of horses on the farms of this State is the same as it was a year ago. The Kentucky horse is now worth \$103.00. On January 1, 1914, there were 443,000 horses on the farms of Kentucky and they were worth \$45,629,000. Compared with other States, Kentucky ranks eighteenth both in number and value of horses, but in quality of horses she takes first place. Kentucky is famed the world over for her blooded horses.

In the entire United States there are 20,962,000 horses and they are worth \$2,291,638,000 or \$109.32 each.

Swiss Army Mobilized.

The entire Swiss army has been mobilized and the country is in fine shape in every way, according to the statement given out by the Swiss legation. There is a plentiful food supply, and all foreigners, especially Americans, are being aided in every way possible.

MANY DIPLOMATS LOSE GOOD JOBS

In Mexico As Result Of Recent Change

IN GOVERNMENTAL AFFAIRS

Gen. Villa Using His Best Efforts In Bringing About Peace.

PRIESTS LEAVE THE COUNTRY

Mexico City, Aug. 22.—Four hundred and eighty diplomatic representatives of Mexico are without positions now because of the change of government. These include Ricardo Huerta, in charge of the archives of the Mexican embassy at Washington; the Minister to Germany and his staff; the Minister to Argentina and Austria-Hungary and many Consuls.

Fernando Iglesias Calderon, who has been acting as agent for General Carranza in Washington, has been recalled to take charge of the foreign office.

The stamp tax has been reduced 50 per cent from what it was under the Huerta administration.

The war office last night announced that the revolt of the Twentieth infantry at Pueblo had been quelled and the command disarmed.

Gen. Gonzalez Luque and his officers are now under arrest there.

Gen. Obregon left last night for the State of Sonora.

Villa Halts Hostilities.

Nogales, Sonora, Mex., Aug. 22.—An order from Gen. Villa halting further warlike action by Gov. Maytorena brought hope to-day of peace in Sonora, provided the Yaqui Indians, whose chiefs favored Maytorena, can be controlled.

Villa's order to Maytorena was the result of a declaration by Colonel P. Elias Calles that he was willing to remain quiet if Maytorena would. Calles' troops are encamped fifteen miles east of Nogales. Maytorena's are thirty miles south. The opposing forces probably will remain inactive until Villa and Obregon arrive in Sonora to confer and settle differences.

Priests Leave Mexico.

Laredo, Tex., Aug. 22.—A party of thirty-five Roman Catholic priests arrived here last night en route to Galveston and told a story of indignities to which they claimed Mexicans had subjected them. None of them told of serious injuries, but they recited various insults and physical indignities to which they said they had to submit.

Men of French and Spanish nationalities made up the party, according to their spokesman. It is their intention to sail for France as soon as possible.

GERMAN PRISONERS ARE A SOURCE OF TROUBLE

New York, Aug. 22.—What should be done with two escaped prisoners of war, Germans, who reached this port as stowaways on the United Fruit steamer Almirante (British) raised a problem to-day for the solution of the Washington Government. They are now in the custody of immigration officials at Ellis Island, awaiting word from Washington as to their fate.

Formerly members of the Almirante's crew, the pair were put ashore at Kingston, Jamaica, with other German sailors at the order of the British military authorities there and imprisoned. In some manner they escaped, boarded the Almirante again and stowed away.

The Almirante's captain, on the ship's arrival to-day, turned them over to the immigration inspectors as "escaped prisoners." They are described as Frederick Affensculler and Frank Ibe.

MANY HARDIN COUNTY STORES BEING ROBBED

Elizabethtown, Ky., Aug. 22.—The stores of G. M. Rider & Co., of Glendale, and Carr & Co., Walker, Miller & Jenkins, and the Essex Company, of Elizabethtown, were robbed last night. One hundred dollars worth of goods was stolen from the Rider company. Other losses were small. Three stores were robbed at Vio Grove the previous night.

POPE PIUS X. IS CALLED TO REST

His Latest Illness Of Short Duration.

GRIEF OVER NATIONS AT WAR

Hastens the End—His Life Embraced a Long and Noted Career.

A SKETCH OF AGED PONTIFF

Rome, Aug. 26.—Pope Pius X. died at 1:26 this morning. He had been ill several days, but alarming symptoms did not develop until Wednesday morning.

Throughout the day Drs. Marchisavia and Amici devoted their utmost energies to stimulating their patient and keeping him alive. The cardinals were notified of the Pope's grave condition and some of them who entered the sick room describe the scenes as impressive and heart-rending, especially when the pontiff, rousing himself from time to time, spoke.

Once he said, "In ancient times, the Pope by a word might have stayed the slaughter, but now he is impotent."

Prayers were said by thousands, and church bells sounded when sacrament was exposed upon all altars. When the court learned of the Pope's condition there was the deepest concern.

Extreme unction was administered to his holiness by Monsignor Scampini Sacristan amid most touching scenes. The Pope's sisters and his niece were overcome by grief. Cardinal Merry Del Val knelt by the bedside where other cardinals joined him, members of the household intoning prayers.

The dying Pope in a moment of lucidity said: "Now I begin to think the Almighty, in His inexhaustible goodness, wishes to spare me the horrors Europe is undergoing."

The Pope's last illness began almost coincidentally with the great European war. Those close to him believe his grief over the situation brought on the final crisis and so overwhelmed him that he was unable in his eightieth year to withstand another attack of his old enemy, gouty catarrh.

Giuseppe Melchiorre Sarto, known to the world as Pope Pius X., was elected to the Pontificate on August 4, 1903, and during his occupancy of his exalted office, head of the Roman Catholic Church, he was confronted with some of the most momentous problems, religious and governmental, with which the Holy See has had to deal in modern times.

Pope Pius was born on June 2, 1835, at Riese, in the Venetian provinces, the first child of Gian-Battista Sarto, a postman, and his wife Margherita. Giuseppe's early career was influenced by the village priest who took a liking for the boy, taught him to read and write and drummed into the youthful head the rudiments of Latin. At the age of eleven years he entered the seminary at Castelfranco, not far from his birthplace, and for four years every day he tramped to school, usually barefooted, until he reached the outskirts of the village, where he would slip on his shoes to keep up appearances.

From Castelfranco he passed in 1850 to the Seminary at Padua, and in 1858, at the age of 25, was ordained priest and took up his studies at Tombo. In 1867 he had his first parish of importance, that of Salzano, where he remained for eleven years. In addition to his ecclesiastical duties Father Sarto contributed largely to the support of his mother and sisters, who found life a hard struggle, especially in the winter.

His eloquence led to his being called at the age of forty to Treviso as chancellor of the diocese, and shortly after he was appointed Professor of Theology in the seminary. Nine years of strenuous work followed, crowned, in 1884, by his assuming the mitre as Bishop of Mantua.

Leo XIII. conferred upon Bishop Sarto the title of "Roman Count," and in the consistory of June, 1893, created him Cardinal, giving him the Roman Church of San Bernardo from which to take his title. He was so poor that he was unable to pay the fees connected with the acceptance of the new dignity, but some of his admirers came forward and provided him with the necessary funds.

Creating him Cardinal, Leo XIII. appointed him also Patriarch of Venice, but he did not leave Mantua until a year later, owing to conflict between the Italian government and the Holy See, over the right of the

House of Savoy to be consulted before the appointment of a Patriarch, the government having inherited the rights of the Republic of Venice. The dispute was cut short by King Humbert also appointing Cardinal Sarto as Patriarch of Venice.

The Patriarch's relations with the House of Savoy were always most cordial. Every time that their majesties or the princes visited Venice he paid them a visit and presented his homage. He was one of Queen Margherita's confessors, and only a few months before the death of Leo XIII. he was next the Count of Turin in public, when he (the Patriarch) blessed the foundation stone of the new Campanile in Piazza San Marco. He was the candidate of Leo XIII. as his successor, but he so little realized the future that when he left Venice, in July, 1903, for the Conclave in Rome, he bought a return ticket.

In the Conclave the struggle was for and against Cardinal Rampolla, Leo XIII.'s Secretary of State, whose chances were lost when Cardinal Puzyna pronounced the veto of Austria against him, which veto was supposed to represent the Triple Alliance. Then, needing a "compromise Pope," all eyes turned to Cardinal Sarto, who at first refused, but was afterward induced to accept the high position, being elected almost un-

Section of Midway Throng at State Fair



ICE & DORE'S world renowned attractions have been secured for the Midway of the twelfth annual Kentucky State Fair, to be held in Louisville, Sept. 14-19 of this year.

imously on August 4, assuming the title of:

Pope Pius X., Bishop of Rome and Vicar of Jesus Christ, Successor of St. Peter, Prince of the Apostles; Supreme Pontiff of the Universal Church, Patriarch of the West, Primate of Italy; Archbishop and Metropolitan of the Roman Province and Sovereign of the Temporal Dominions of the Holy Roman Church.

How To Give Quinine To Children.

FEBRILINE is the trade-mark name given to an improved Quinine. It is a Tasteless Syrup, pleasant to take and does not disturb the stomach. Children take it and never know it is Quinine. Also especially adapted to adults who cannot take ordinary Quinine. Does not nauseate nor cause nervousness nor ringing in the head. Try it the next time you need Quinine for any purpose. Ask for 2-ounce original package. The name FEBRILINE is blown in bottle. 25 cents.

DUTY OF EVERYBODY TO LEARN TO BE AN "ISER"

An old gentleman was visiting a Kentucky breeding-farm, seeking a fast horse. He wanted one that would pass any other animal that he would be likely to find on the road. He was conducted past a long string of horses with fine records on their stalls telling of the victories they had won. Then he was shown a large number of horses of good pedigree, from which the dealer expected great things when they got on the track. Then the old gentleman turned on the dealer and said hotly, "Look here, stranger, you've shown me 'have-beens,' and you've let me see your 'going-to-bees,' but what I am here for is an 'iser.'"

The shrewd old fellow hit on the exact trouble that spoiled the fig-tree which Christ condemned. It bore leaves, and the figs came with the leaves or even before; yet it bore no figs. Perhaps its record warranted it in claiming to be a has-been, its leaves looked like a going-to-be, but it surely was not an "iser."

[Christian Herald.]

Ooof!

"You say you used to have money," said the housewife, as she handed the wanderer a plate of scraps. "Were you done out of it?"

"No, mam," replied the wanderer. "I was dunned out of it."

PARTISANSHIP IS PUBLICLY DECRIED

By President Wilson In Open Statement

TO OUR GENERAL CITIZENSHIP

Thinks It a Bad Idea To Take Sides In Present European War.

NATIONAL SELF-CONTROL BEST

Addressing the American people, President Wilson has issued a statement in connection with the European war, warning citizens of the United States against "that deepest, most subtle, most essential breach of neutrality which may spring out of partisanship, out of passionately 'taking sides.'"

The President's statement follows: "My Fellow Countrymen:

"I suppose that every thoughtful man in America has asked himself

peace, the one people holding itself ready to play a part of impartial mediation and speak the counsels of peace and accommodation, not as a partisan, but as a friend.

"I venture, therefore, my fellow countrymen, to speak a solemn word of warning to you against that deepest, most subtle, most essential breach of neutrality which may spring out of partisanship, out of passionately 'taking sides.' The United States must be neutral in fact as well as in name during these days that are to try men's souls. We must be impartial in thought as well as in action, must put a curb upon our sentiments as well as upon every transaction that might be construed as a preference of one party to the struggle before another.

"My thought is of America. I am speaking, I feel sure, the earnest wish and purpose of every thoughtful American that this great country of ours, which is, of course, the first in our thoughts and in our hearts, should show herself in this time of peculiar trial a nation fit beyond others to exhibit the fine poise of undisturbed judgment, the dignity of self-control, the efficiency of dispassionate action; a nation that neither sits in judgment upon others nor is disturbed in her own counsels, and which keeps herself fit and free to do what is honest and disinterested and truly serviceable for the peace of the world.

"Shall we not resolve to put upon ourselves the restraint which will bring to our people the happiness and the great and lasting influence for peace we covet for them?"

WOMAN STEPS ON SNAKE AND DIES FROM FRIGHT

Harrodsburg, Ky., Aug. 26.—Mrs. Frances Lynch, who resides near here, was frightened to death by stepping on a snake. An old cabin was being torn down in the Lynch yard and the mother went to get two small children who were playing near it, and stepped on a large snake which coiled itself about her leg. She ran screaming into the house with the reptile clinging to her. It was killed, but the fright threw Mrs. Lynch into convulsions from which she died.

Summer Coughs Are Dangerous.

Summer colds are dangerous. They indicate low vitality and often lead to serious throat and lung troubles, including consumption. Dr. King's New Discovery will relieve the cough or cold promptly and prevent complications. It is soothing and antiseptic and makes you feel better at once. To delay is dangerous—get a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery at once. Money back if not satisfied. 50c. and \$1.00 bottles at your druggist.

RECENT DEATH OF MRS. JAHN AT ELKTON, KY.

Elkton, Ky., Aug. 18.—Editors Hartford Herald, Hartford, Ky.: Dear Sirs:—I am sending an account of the death of Mrs. Rosine C. Jahn, August 13, 1914. She was born in Esslingen, Germany, November 27, 1844, and was married November 25, 1867, to Traugott Jahn. They came to America in the spring of 1868. They first lived in Louisville, Ky., and after living in several other cities of the same State, came to Ohio county in the fall of 1878. They lived in this county until the spring of 1911, when they moved to Todd county. To this union were born seven boys and two girls, of which four boys and two girls are now living.

Mrs. Jahn was a member of the German Lutheran church and was a kind, loving wife, mother and grandmother.

The deceased was laid to rest in the Glenwood cemetery, at Elkton, Ky., Dr. Arthur Mather officiating.

ANNIVERSARY SADDENED FOR EMPEROR BY WAR

Francis Joseph I., Emperor of Austria-Hungary, was eighty-four years old August 18. He was born August 18, 1830.

For sixty-eight years, or since he was eighteen years old, he has been ruler, though when he was born there seemed small chance of his ever succeeding to the throne, because the then reigning Emperor, his uncle, was only thirty-seven years old and his father but twenty-eight. His uncle abdicated and his father renounced the throne, however, when Francis Joseph was eighteen, and he succeeded to it.

Since his accession to the throne his empire has been engaged in several terrible wars, one war breaking out when he took the throne, the Hungarians revolting and refusing to recognize him as their Emperor.

Also in spite of Congress.

In spite of Harry T. and the I. W. W.'s and the Republican party, the United States is about the best country to live in after all.—[Charleston News and Courier.]

FORD'S PRICES REDUCED

Saturday, Aug. 1.

Roadster - \$440.00
Touring Car - \$490.00
F. O. B. DETROIT.

New Car Load in Stock at Madisonville.

Buy Yourself a Ford at 1915 Prices

BARNES AUTOMOBILE CO.

(INCORPORATED.)

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THE HERALD, Hartford, Ky.

FRANK JAMES IS NO OUTLAW NOW

But Simply a Modest
Berrypicker.

SAYS CRUELITIES TO PARENTS

During the Civil War Drove
Him and Brothers
To Crime.

HE NEVER BOTHERED THE POOR

Tacoma, Wash., Aug. 22.—"There has been much in my life that I don't want to think of—would to God I could forget it. Years before I quit the old life I was tired of it as the other people."

The speaker was Frank James, modern Robin Hood, brother of Jesse James, the outlaw, and at present a berrypicker at Edgewood, Wash. The place was G. W. Glazebrooke's grocery store in Tacoma.

"We got into it, and it was our lives against money," said James. "Suffer! We have been hungry with our pockets full of money. We have been hunted like the wolves of the prairie."

"I could not write the history of my life in five years. I have only a short time to live, anyhow, and money is no more to me than the dust under my feet."

"The first I knew that Frank James was in this part of the country," said Mr. Glazebrooke, the grocer, "was when I received a crate of berries with 'F. E. James' written on the end. I asked Mr. Hildgren, the rancher, about it, and he said he would take me out to see James any time I wanted to go."

"We found James sitting in the door of his cabin, dressed like a logger. As we came close he stood up. 'I am very glad to see you, sir,' he said, as Mr. Hildgren introduced me. After a while Mr. Hildgren left. I told him I was from Kentucky and he seemed to know how to take me then."

"I asked him how he got started in the old career as a bandit. He said it was abuse he received at the hands of the men who had killed his father—all through suspicion they were harboring Southern soldiers. He said he and Jesse 'got' twenty-one of them and that God Almighty got the other."

"After six detectives, as James calls them, had thrown a bomb into their house, killing his younger brother and wounding his mother, the James boys dressed as cowboys and overtook the men. They asked them what they would do if they met the James boys."

"We would stick them on the end of our guns," the men replied.

"You are talking to Jesse James right now and that is my brother, Frank, standing over there," said Jesse. They pleaded for their lives, but the James boys told them they had shown no mercy to their brother or their mother.

"Frank James smiled when telling of the detectives. 'They thought all they had to do was to come over here, put us on their shoulders and tell us to come along,' he said. 'They never got back.'"

"Of all their 'work,' Frank James considers the Northfield robbery the biggest. Two banks were 'lifted' and more than \$80,000 in cash taken. The two Cobb brothers and a man named Mitchell lost their lives there. Jim Younger was seriously injured and Frank James lost the most of his hand."

"Jesse James was killed by Bob Ford in September of 1882, while hanging up a picture of himself and Frank in their house. Frank surrendered in October, 1882, and after two years was released on parole."

"Several years later, disguised as a cowboy, he met Bob Ford in a Kansas City dance hall. He offered to treat the crowd and stepped up to the bar. Ten dollars was laid down on the counter. Ford returned \$2. Frank James told him who he was. What followed is a matter of history."

"James told me that when he was in Tacoma two years ago some men asked him to take charge of blowing the safes of the National Bank of Commerce and the Fidelity Trust Company's bank. 'I told them,' said James, 'that I did not want to have anything to do with the work; that I had never been in it for money and that I had given all that up years ago.'"

"James always speaks of his adventures as 'being on the trail.' He says that instead of using masks they had a dark stain. After the job was over they removed the stain quickly and changed clothes, often joining in the pursuit of the bandits. 'They never robbed or abused

women, children or the poor, James says, while many a piece of stray jewelry or money has been fastened to the door knob of some house. They confined their attentions mainly to train and bank robberies after the war was over."

"Frank James will be seventy years old next March, he says. He has a wife, four married children and a sixteen-year-old daughter living at Blaine. During the winter he works as donkey engineer in the logging camps near Tacoma. In summer he picks berries."

"He is slim, has a gray mustache and is six feet tall."

THE TORPEDO MINE IS TERROR TO NAVAL CRAFT

An "unusual and significant activity" in the fashioning of new devices for naval war, which may surprise H. G. Wells and would stagger Jules Verne could he return to life, is disclosed on almost every page of the Naval Annual for 1914, just published.

Of all the new weapons described none is more devilish than the Leon torpedo mine, which is being manufactured by a British firm. This engine is so constructed that it can be set to hover between any depths below the surface that may be desired. When placed in the water it has a slight negative buoyancy and sinks until automatically a propeller is brought into action, which drives it upward again.

It can be used in the open sea by any type of ship, or, in the case of tidal harbors, it could be released by a vessel outside so as to make its way with the tide into the anchorage and perhaps destroy shipping there. A touch on the deadly steel "whiskers" which project from its upper surface and the enemy would be sent to the bottom as were the Hatsu and the Petropavlovsk in the Russo-Japanese War.—[Baltimore Sun.]

Not So Strange After All.

You may think it strange that so many people are cured of stomach trouble by Chamberlain's Tablets. You would not, however, if you should give them a trial. They strengthen and invigorate the stomach and enable it to perform its functions naturally. Mrs. Rosie Rish, Wabash, Ind., writes, "Nothing did me the least good until I began using Chamberlain's Tablets. It is decidedly the best medicine for stomach trouble I have ever used." For sale by all dealers. m (Advertisement.)

STRAIGHTENING OUT POLITICAL HISTORY

In putting a little halo around the head of Hon. Augustus E. Willson, the Paducah Sun feels called upon to make the following observation: "Unless recollection fails us, A. E. Willson was also the man who was laughed at for saying he would beat Mr. Beckham on a former occasion, when the latter had gubernatorial aspirations and who proved the last laughter best, by handing Mr. Beckham a life-size trimming, so on the strength of past performances, Mr. Willson has a rather good reason for saying he can do it again."

Editor Paxton's memory is decidedly faulty. Governor Willson never ran for anything against Governor Beckham. The Democratic nomination for Governor in 1907 was Judge S. W. Hager, who was the victim of circumstances and a good deal of treachery, and Governor Willson went under the wire a winner, much to the detriment of the State's finances and the onward march that had set in during the incumbency of Governor Beckham. If Augustus E. Willson is to be the standard-bearer of the Republican party in the Senatorial campaign, he must run on his record made while he was Governor. The people's memories are not as short as that of the Sun editor, and we do not believe Governor Willson has even a look-in.—[Bowling Green Messenger.]

The Case of L. L. Cantelou.

The case of L. L. Cantelou, Clarendon, Texas, is similar to that of many others who have used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. He says, "After trying a doctor for several months, and using different kinds of medicine for my wife who had been troubled with severe bowel complaint for several months, I bought a 25c bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. After using the second bottle she was entirely cured." For sale by all dealers. m (Advertisement.)

Ah! Here's a Clew, Watson!

In searching for the cause of the European war, it is well to remember that Colonel Roosevelt was in those parts not long ago.—[Charleston News and Courier.]

Only One "BROMO QUININE"

To get the genuine, call for full name, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for signature of E. W. GROVE. Cures Colds in One Day, Stomach and headache, and works of cold, etc.

A GREAT TRIAL OF LIFE DESTROYERS

Present War Will Settle
Big Questions.

TO BE NAVAL TEST SUPREME

All Types Of War Engines
Will Receive Thorough
Trying-Out.

HAVE MADE MUCH PROGRESS

In the sea fights which the warships of Great Britain and France will engage in against Germany, the various engines of war will receive a supreme test.

Claims and controversies which have engaged the attention of naval experts for many years regarding ships, guns, armor, &c., may at last be settled in the greatest naval fight in all history. There will be the question of the big battle ship against the smaller, the armored cruiser, or battle cruiser, against the unarmored cruiser, and oil fuel against coal. The important question of fleet communication by day and night and the increased use of wireless will be among the important elements of the struggle. Then the battle airships, mine laying and scouting airships, seaplanes and aeroplanes will be given ample opportunity of demonstrating their value, but as we have stated many times previously, we believe their principal value will be for observation. The anti-aircraft guns aboard ship and the aircraft guns will probably come into play and the various auxiliary vessels and turbine engines will receive the most severe test.

The torpedo-boat destroyer class of vessels particularly, and also the submarines, are expected to play a far more important part in this war than they did in the Russo-Japanese war. In the British navy no less than 20 new destroyers were commissioned last year, against 15 the previous year. Most of these vessels have a length of 260 feet, and most of them have a speed of over 29.5 knots. In the design of British destroyers special regard is given to the attainment of high speed on heavy seas, and thus in comparison with vessels of the same class in foreign navies, the true test would not be fair weather steaming at the rate possible with a North Sea gale blowing. One or two of these vessels attained a sea speed of nearly 30 knots. In the case of submarine, nine new vessels were commissioned last year. These latter are of various designs and range up to vessels of considerable size. The details are kept secret.

During 1913 six large destroyers were added to the French navy, all over 30 knots. Twenty submarines were laid down since 1910, most of which are in commission. In maneuvers the work of the French submarines has been classed as very successful, and the extended operations gave a wide experience to officers and men.

The 12 German destroyers of 1912-13 have been completed. The designed speed of all the recent boats is 32.5 knots. The boats have been kept very actively at work. The submarine boats completed number about 30. During 1913 24 submarines were kept in commission.

The six Austrian destroyers of 800 tons have been completed and have steamed on trial from 32.5 to 33.5 knots. Fourteen submarines are in the list, of which six are of the 230 to 300 tons type.

The Russian destroyer Novik, of 1,200 tons, made a speed of 37.3. Several submarines have been launched in the Black Sea. Great progress has been made in the air service for both the army and navy. The Government program included 330 aeroplanes.—[Army and Navy Journal.]

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days
Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. The first application gives Ease and Rest. 50c.

MANY EUROPEANS ARE RESIDENTS OF AMERICA

The peculiar interest which this great neutral nation takes in the news of Europe lies in the fact that it is largely made up of Europeans and the children of Europeans. The 900,000 English-born residents of the United States, the 1,352,000 Irishmen and the 500,000 natives of Scotland and Wales who are here will study with painful interest the situation in which Great Britain finds herself among the European powers. The thoughts of 1,250,000 foreign-born from Norway, Sweden and Denmark are centered in the British, German and Russian naval

operations in waters with which they are or have been very familiar. There are 170,000 from Belgium and the Netherlands who know the strategic value of their fatherlands and the German imperial aspirations setting toward them. Of the natives of Germany there are 2,501,000, of Austria-Hungary 1,671,000, of Russia 1,602,000, of France 117,000, of Italy 1,343,000. Residents of the United States from the six nations that are now in a great war numbered at the last census 10,000,000 souls, or one-ninth of the whole American population.—[New York Times.]

FRENCH TORE CREPE OFF STRASBURG MONUMENT

An account of the French celebration at Strasburg of her victories in the towns of Altkirch and Muelhausen, in upper Alsace, carried with it the strange story of tearing crepe from the monument in the Place de la Concorde, recently.

A unique tale hangs about this monument. Although Strasburg has been a German possession since the war of 1870 the Place de la Concorde, in the heart of the city, is French. The Germans allowed the French to retain it. It is a space about half a city block in size, but circular, and is roped off by heavy chains hanging on posts.

The monument in this square has always been draped with crepe by the French to indicate their grief at the loss of the province of Alsace Lorraine, and, strange to say, it has been permitted by the Germans. It was to incite their joy at the capture of the Alsation towns by the French several days ago that the crepe was torn from the monument for the first time in forty-four years.

The Twenty Year Test.

"Some twenty years ago I used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy," writes Geo. W. Brock, publisher of the Enterprise, Aberdeen, Md. "I discovered that it was a quick and safe cure for diarrhoea. Since then no one can sell me anything said to be 'just as good.' During all these years I have used it and recommended it many times, and it has never disappointed anyone." For sale by all dealers. (Advertisement.)

LAST SANTA CLAUS SHIP WITH A CARGO OF TOYS

New York, Aug. 20.—The last of the Hamburg-American line ships on the high seas arrived in this country today, according to announcement made at the line's offices in New York. She is the Arcadia, a freighter, which left Hamburg for Newport News on July 30. Early this morning she arrived safely inside Cape Henry.

The Arcadia carried a half-million-dollar cargo of toys. This shipment probably will be the last from Germany to reach this country to supply the demands of the American children next Christmas.

MORE COAL THAN WOULD FILL THE PANAMA CANAL

It is gratifying to learn from experts of the United States Geological Survey that originally there was enough coal in this country to make a solid block 10 miles long, ten miles wide and 10 miles high.

A block of this size would weigh more than 3,500,000,000,000 tons, and up to the present time the coal that has been removed amounts only to something like 15,000,000,000 tons.

The coal mined during 1914 will amount to about 600,000,000 tons, containing about 300,000,000 cubic yards.

Just how much coal this is can be partly estimated when it is said that it is far greater than the excavation of the Panama Canal; that the total excavation for the Panama Canal from start to finish is computed at some 262,000,000 cubic yards.

In the face of this there is talk of the price of coal going to \$20 a ton this winter. Of course, warships and merchant steamships will want more than usual, but the supply should be equal to the demand.

With no desire to interfere with big business, manipulation to curtail production and raise prices should be watched and headed off.—[New York Telegram.]

Barcelona, Spain, does a large business in the manufacture of paper drinking cups.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him. NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Trial bottles sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

STOMACH TROUBLE FOR FIVE YEARS

Majority of Friends Thought Mr.
Hughes Would Die, But
One Helped Him to
Recovery.

Pomeroyton, Ky.—In interesting advices from this place, Mr. A. J. Hughes writes as follows: "I was down with stomach trouble for five (5) years, and would have sick headache so bad, at times, that I thought surely I would die. I tried different treatments, but they did not seem to do me any good. I got so bad, I could not eat or sleep, and all my friends, except one, thought I would die. He advised me to try Thedford's Black-Draught, and quit

taking other medicines. I decided to take his advice, although I did not have any confidence in it.

I have now been taking Black-Draught for three months, and it has cured me—haven't had those awful sick headaches since I began using it.

I am so thankful for what Black-Draught has done for me."

Thedford's Black-Draught has been found a very valuable medicine for derangements of the stomach and liver. It is composed of pure, vegetable herbs, contains no dangerous ingredients, and acts gently, yet surely. It can be freely used by young and old, and should be kept in every family chest.

Get a package today.
Only a quarter.

THE MONROE DOCTRINE

We of the Western Hemisphere may be excused if we indulge a bit in pharisaical thanksgiving between gasps over Europe's convulsions. Militarism, pointed with age-long quarrels and imperialistic greed, is not our foe, we may thank our stars. Democracy, however, imperfect of realization at some times in some quarters, is yet the consciously expressed ideal of all peoples and governments from the Klondike to Cape Horn.

But now is a good time also to remember to what we owe the almost complete divorce of the New World from the poisonous tyrannies and rivalries of the Old. Of late the Monroe Doctrine has come in for no small amount of ridicule on both sides of the water and its abandonment has been advocated for years by men with a reputation for thoughtful wisdom. Yet to what else do we owe the practical immunity of the Western World from the

necessity of military participation in this greatest of wars? Suppose Mexico were now dominated by a Hapsburg. Suppose South and Central America and the West Indies were divided among the great colonial powers. The inevitable result would be an embroilment of this hemisphere, as in the old French wars before our own Revolution. To-day only Canada is affected directly, and she only so far as her obligation goes to supply the mother country with help on the other side. She does not have to watch her neighbors or plans offensive or defensive measures against them.

No, we of the Americas, with all our revolutions and minor bickerings, may give thanks we are not as the nations of Europe; we may give thanks that 90 years ago certain far-seeing and courageous idealists in Washington constituted this country the guardian at the gate of Western autonomy and democracy. Before this war is over we think the Monroe Doctrine will have more friends than ever before.—[New York Tribune.]

What "Bee Dee" Means

"Bee Dee" on the label means REAL VALUE inside the package, and RESULTS and SATISFACTION after the contents have been used. Always ask for "Bee Dee" when you buy a stock or poultry remedy. "Bee Dee" remedies are prepared from pure, medicinal ingredients, in a scientific way, and are genuine medicines that you can depend on.

Bee Dee STOCK & POULTRY MEDICINE LINIMENT—DIP
Bee Dee Healing Powder—Bee Dee Colic Remedy

After using the Bee Dee Remedies generally for sometime, we take pleasure in saying that they are giving entire satisfaction, and we cheerfully recommend them.

McMillen Stock Farm, Waco, Texas.

You can get them at your dealer's.

HUGHES' CHILL TONIC

(Palatable)

Better than calomel and quinine. (Contains no arsenic.) The old reliable. Excellent general tonic as well as a remedy for chills and fevers, malarial fevers, swamp fevers and bilious fevers. Just what you need at this season. Mild laxative, nervous sedative, splendid tonic. Guaranteed. Try it. Don't take any substitute. At druggists, 50c. and \$1.00 bottles.

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E. G. BARRASS MGR.,

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Will wire your house at cost. Electric Lights are clean, healthy and safe. No home or business house should be without them when within reach.

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HARTFORD HERALD,

HARTFORD, KENTUCKY.

The Hartford Herald

HEBER MATTHEWS, FRANK L. FELIX,
EDITORS.
FRANK L. FELIX, Pub. and Prop'r.

Entered at the Hartford post-office
as mail matter of the second class.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For United States Senator:
Long Term—J. C. W. BECKHAM.
Short Term—JOHNSON N. CAMDEN.

For Congress,
HON. BEN JOHNSON.

Meanwhile the manufacturers of
life-destroying engines, big and lit-
tle, are working their forces over-
time.

Right now, President Wilson is a
greater man in peace than any of the
rulers of those foreign nations is in
war.

Lives there a man with soul so
dead who never to himself hath said
"Hurrah for the home baseball
team?"

Lots of people who were preparing
to get their first glimpse of Europe
will now have to "see America first."
And it will do them just as much
good.

Some little neutral countries
across the waters are having their
toes trampled upon, but Uncle Sam
is "standing pat" with his peace
pronouncement.

These are days when all of us are
splendid judges of the ripeness of a
watermelon. But nevertheless we
require the dealer to "plug" it in or-
der to be certain.

President Wilson struck the key-
note of the psychological matter
when he issued his address to all
Americans to cease taking sides in
the European war imbroglio.

Editor Sommers, of the Elizabeth-
town News, thinks the sack races at
the fair will be very interesting and
exciting provided ladies with hobble
skirts are permitted to enter. Ex-
perience along this line would give
the ladies some advantage, however.

In the case of the present Republi-
can candidate for U. S. Senator
(former Governor Willson) it will
be noted that the double "lls" in his
name occur near the middle and
are not put at the conclusion in cap-
ital letters, usually with the addi-
tion of a "D."

No doubt there is trouble nowa-
days in pronouncing or spelling some
of the foreign names in the war
news. There used to be an old rule
in printing offices that when the
compositor came to a word he
couldn't pronounce or spell, he
would just call it "Cincinnati" and
go ahead. Readers might try that.

America has the greatest wheat
harvest in its history this year.
What a pity that the surplus of it
cannot go to increase the health and
strength of human beings in the
laudable effort of building up the
world's affairs, instead of acting as
a substitute for the work and output
of millions of men now engaged in
the principal occupation of killing
each other!

Teddy is still writing interviews
for the newspaper reporters, but his
stuff has to take inside pages to give
room for matters more important on
the first page. One of his latest out-
breaks was a continuation of his at-
tacks on President Wilson for re-
pealing a bill in Congress giving
American coastwise ships free use of
the Panama Canal. Almost every-
body now believes this was all right
—except the Colonel.

The Monroe Doctrine is serving us
mighty well these troublous days.
Were it not for this safeguard
against the nation's interests and the
presence of a safe, sane and emi-
nently wise President at the head of
the country's affairs, Uncle Sam
would now be mixed up with some
other powers of the earth in a de-
vastating and causeless conflict. The
Monroe Doctrine and Woodrow Wil-
son work exceedingly well together.

Congressman Stanley has publicly
announced that he is heart and soul
for the success of the ticket nomi-
nated by the Democrats in the re-
cent primary and this should inspire
his many friends to be so like-mind-
ed. It is a manly and chivalric
thing for him to do, and proves his
pure and straight Democracy. Let
all loyal Kentucky Democrats rally
to the support of the ticket of their
party, which is certain to be elected
by an overwhelming majority.

A deeply patriotic and opportune
address has been issued by President
Wilson (found on another page) to
the people of the United States, ad-
juring them to be moderate or reti-
cent in their expressions concerning

the European war, and especially in
the matter of "taking sides." The
remarks of the President deserve the
attention and observance of every
citizen. It is combinations of ex-
pressed sentiment that create strife
and dissension. Our country should
be neutral in this matter, both indi-
vidually and as a nation.

In last Saturday's issue of the
Courier-Journal appeared quite a
commendable and comprehensive ar-
ticle relating to the new Compensa-
tion Law enacted by the last Ken-
tucky Legislature, from the pen of
our former townsman (but at present
a resident of Louisville) Hon.
John J. McHenry. Mr. McHenry is
well posted upon Constitutional law,
having been a member of our last
Constitutional Convention, and his
ideas anent the subject at hand are
of weight and consequence. He finds
objections to the Compensation Act
as it now stands.

A city or town hospital would be a
good institution for Hartford and we
hope to see some of our enterprising
citizens take the matter up. In such
a place as this, supplied with trained
nurses and presided over by a capa-
ble physician, persons suffering from
malignant diseases could be taken
care of with every assurance of prop-
er treatment. The charges need
not be high, if the institution is
properly managed. It would be pat-
ronized by people living outside of
Hartford and ought to be a paying
investment.

THE CIRCUIT JUDGESHIP.

Quite a number of the Democrats
of Ohio county have solicited Judge
J. S. Glenn, of Hartford, to become
a candidate for the Democratic nomi-
nation for Circuit Judge of this dis-
trict, composed of Ohio, McLean,
Hancock and Daviess counties. We
do not recall that Ohio county has
furnished a Circuit Judge in a gen-
eration, and certainly not since the
formation of the present judicial dis-
trict. The Owensboro Bar has had
the Circuit Judge for many years.
Hon. Lucius P. Little held the office
for two terms of twelve years, Hon.
W. T. Owen for two terms of twelve
years, and Hon. T. F. Birkhead, our
present Judge, will finish his second
term of twelve years on January 1,
1916. Continuously for the last
thirty-six years Daviess county has
had the Circuit Judge.

Of course, the people of Ohio,
Hancock and McLean counties do
not think that Daviess county has
purposely retained the Circuit Judge
through selfishness, or through any
lack of fair play in politics, for they
are a just and generous people, and
always have been willing to alter-
nate upon an equitable basis with
their neighboring counties in select-
ing their district officers whenever
suggested.

Through an unbroken rule the Cir-
cuit Judge has always been given his
second term, but never permitted to
hold a third term. Twelve years ago
Judge T. F. Birkhead, our present
Judge, defeated Judge W. T. Owen
for re-election on this issue. Judge
Birkhead successfully advocating that
it was not democratic for a Judge
to ask for the third term. In very
recent elections in Kentucky the
results show that this sentiment
has been growing in popular favor
throughout the entire State, and the
people have fixed opinions against
the third term. Especially is this
true as to Judges, whose terms are
fixed by the Constitution at six
years; and when a Judge has served
his second term, he has been twelve
years in office. The people generally
think a term of twelve successive
years in a judicial office should be
enough to satisfy the ambitions of
most any man.

Judge Glenn is one of the best
lawyers in the State, and well equip-
ped for performing the duties of a
Circuit Judge. He has been one of
the foremost lawyers at the Hart-
ford Bar for more than twenty-five
years, and a strong Democrat. It
has been known by his friends for
some time that it was his ambition
to become Circuit Judge of his dis-
trict. When asked about his inten-
tions in the matter, Judge Glenn ad-
mitted that at the proper time he
would be a candidate for the Demo-
cratic nomination. The people of
Ohio county will give him a gener-
ous and united support, and he feels
confident of winning the Democratic
nomination at the August primary
in 1915.

PHYSICAL EFFICIENCY OF AMERICANS IS GOOD

Paris, Aug. 24.—All the Ameri-
cans who thus far have sought to en-
list in the French army have been
found physically fit and in excellent
condition for service. The English
were next in physical efficiency to
the Americans. The greatest rejec-
tion among the volunteers has been
the Russians, many of whom suffer
from defective vision. Poles and
Italians were next in order with dis-
abilities.

Subscribe for The Hartford Herald.

DEFIANT FIRE OF JAPANESE GUNS

Is Soon To Be Heard At
Tsing Tau.

GERMANY DECLINES TO REPLY

To Ultimatum Of Japan That
She Relinquish Kaio-
Chau Concession.

CHINESE GETTING SKEPTICAL

Peking, China, Aug. 22.—Germ-
any has given no reply to Japan's ul-
timatum, which expires at noon to-
day. Japanese transports with troops
are proceeding toward Tsing-Tau,
the German port at the entrance to
Kiao-Chow Bay, while British troops
are on their way to Wei Hai Wei,
which, it is understood, will be the
base of operations for both Japa-
nese and British.

The land defenses of Tsing-Tau
have been greatly strengthened by
guns taken from an Austrian cruiser
which is in Kiao-Chow Bay, and the
Hinterland has been extensively
mined. The German garrison is said
to number 10,000 men and it is es-
timated that it will require a force
of 60,000 men and two months' time
to capture the port and the conces-
sion.

Japan's determination to take
part in the hostilities is commented
upon unfavorably here, and despite
assurances to the contrary, the opin-
ion is general that territorial ag-
grandizement is Japan's object.

According to information obtain-
ed to-day, the tenth division of the
Japanese, consisting of 16,000 men,
went on board transports at Kokura
Friday.

Furthermore, a Japanese battle-
ship fleet, including the superdread-
nought Kongom, has sailed to bom-
bard Tsing-Tau the sea port of
Kiao-Chow, and cover the landing of
the first Japanese force of occupa-
tion.

The second Japanese cruiser
squadron from Port Arthur is pat-
rolling between Korea and the is-
land of Formosa. A British cruiser
from Hongkong passed to-day, going
north.

The German authorities of Tsing
Tau have been sending noncombat-
ants from that place, according to
advices received here to-day. Ger-
man women and children were the
last to depart. They have all gone
with the exception of a few women
who remain to act as nurses, and
some boys over 15 years of age, who
have volunteered to act as dispatch
bearers. The last of the refugees
were sent out of Tsing-Tau to-day.

A dispatch received here from
Hong-kong contradicts a recent
statement from Shanghai that two
German warships had been brought
into Hongkong in a disabled condi-
tion. It is reliably reported in Pe-
king that the German fleet in Tsing-
Tau is intact.

The American Consul at Tsing-
Tau, Willis R. Peck, has decided to
remain throughout the siege. Wash-
ington made it optional with him
whether he should go or stay. Sev-
eral Americans of German descent
also are remaining and among them
are two or three women, who will
nurse the wounded.

Reliable information received
here by telegraph from a point out-
side the Kiao-Chow territory says
the German outposts are at the bor-
ders of their leased land. The coun-
try here is mined and surrounding
forests have been cut down. This
information is interesting, as it has
been questioned here whether the
Germans would attempt to hold all
their territory, their numbers being
limited.

The Chinese Government has been
careful to remove almost all Chinese
soldiers from the country surround-
ing Kiao-Chow, fearing possible
complications with the Japanese.

SUGAR REFINERIES ARE JUST JUGGLING STOCKS

San Francisco, Aug. 24.—There is
still one-half of this season's beet
sugar output, or 750,000 hogsheads,
in the hands of the American Beet
Sugar Company, awaiting a market,
according to a statement made be-
fore the United States grand jury by
Robert Oxnard, president of the
Company. The company could not
find a market for this sugar even at
a price below the present market.
United States District Attorney Pres-
ton quoted Oxnard as saying:

"This proves conclusively that the
Eastern seaboard refineries are not
afraid of a shortage, and that they
are simply juggling with the stock
they have on hand, which is a three
months' supply." Preston said. "The
testimony showed also that the East-

ern refineries had been making no
purchases of cane raw sugar."

The testimony referred to was
brought out at the beginning of the
Federal investigation here into the
advance in sugar and other food
prices since the opening of the Eu-
ropean war. Witnesses asserted that
the price of sugar here is fixed in
New York.

SERVIANS MUST KILL AUSTRIANS, SAYS SERB

Milwaukee, Wis., August 23.—The
European war is believed to have
found one victim in Milwaukee. An
Austrian, whose name is not known,
was shot and killed to-day in a
grove just south of the city limits.
A Serb, who gave his name as
Nick George, was arrested about a
half hour later when emerging from
the grove.

"The Servians must kill the Aus-
trians to win the war," was the an-
nouncement made by George when
arrested by a Deputy Sheriff.

A revolver, loaded and bearing
evidences of having been recently
fired, was found in George's pocket.
Further than giving his name and
enunciating the anti-Austrian senti-
ment, George refused to talk.

LAST GREAT EUROPEAN WAR.

Napoleon's Memoirs Offered Free To-
gether With Collier's Weekly
and Hartford Herald.

History repeats itself—but with
variations. A hundred years ago
France alone, under the leadership
of Napoleon, faced Germany, Aus-
tria, Italy, Russia and Great Britain
—and won.

At thirty-six, Napoleon had con-
quered every nation of Europe and in
the battle of Austerlitz in 1805,
practically brought the continent un-
der the subjection of the French ar-
my. Then Austria, Germany and
Russia formed the great coalition
against France, only to be beaten in
battle until they were forced to sue
for peace. England, thanks to her
impregnable navy, was the only na-
tion not forced to acknowledge Na-
poleon's rule.

It was the snow-covered steppes of
Russia rather than the military sci-
ence of Europe that finally turned
the tide against him.

The present European crisis gives
a particular opportuneness to the
offer of Napoleon's Memoirs, an-
nouncement of which is made in an-
other column of The Herald to-day.
Few books throw a more illuminat-
ing and interesting light on the un-
derlying causes of those years of
conflict than the fascinating story of
the man whose meteoric career left
Europe sown with the seeds of ris-
content.

"Eventually," said Napoleon,
"Russia will rule the World." The
present conflict will go far towards
determining the truth of that proph-
ecy, and day by day it will furnish
an absorbing illustration of the ad-
vance which has been made in the
art of warfare since the days, only
a century ago, when France alone
had Europe at her feet.

Napoleon's Memoirs, written by
his private secretary, Baron De Men-
eval, will give you a clearer insight
into that tremendous upheaval of
Europe which the present crisis
seems destined to reproduce.

You can get Collier's Weekly and
the Hartford Herald both one year,
together with the three volumes of
Memoirs of Napoleon (post-paid) all
for only \$3. It is a rare bargain in
the literature line.

A Pleasant Occasion.

A very pleasant day was spent at
the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Ross,
near Centertown, Ky., Sunday, Au-
gust 23, 1914, by the following par-
ties, viz.: Mr. and Mrs. S. T. Brown,
Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Renter and
granddaughter, Mr. and Mrs. Lee
Tichenor, Mr. and Mrs. John Boone
and son, Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Eudaly
and children, Mr. and Mrs. O. L.
Ross, Mr. E. A. Carter, Herbert
Bratcher, Miss Adela Eudaly, Mr.
and Mrs. G. R. Erwin and children,
of Calhoun, Ky., Mr. and Mrs. J. C.
Reid and children, of Lawton, Okla.,
Miss Ella Carter, of Richland
Springs, Texas.

ONE PRESENT.

A TEXAS WONDER.

The Texas Wonder cures kidney
and bladder troubles, dissolves grav-
el, cures diabetes, weak and lame
backs, rheumatism, and all irregu-
larities of the kidneys and bladder
in both men and women. Regulates
bladder troubles in children. If not
sold by your druggist, will be sent
by mail on receipt of \$1.00. One
small bottle is two months' treat-
ment, and seldom fails to perfect a
cure. Send for testimonials from
this and other States. Dr. E. W.
Hall, 2926 Olive Street, St. Louis,
Mo. Sold by druggists.

Indictments are expected from
grand juries in at least six cities on
account of the increased food prices
in this country, according to an-
nouncement in Washington.



LET US DRESS
YOUR BOY
TOO

YOU'LL BE PROUD OF YOUR BOY WHEN HE
WEARS OUR CLOTHES. THE BOY WILL BE
PROUD OF HIMSELF.

OUR STYLES IN BOYS CLOTHING ARE THE
LATEST. OUR MATERIALS ARE RIGHT IN PAT-
TERN AND QUALITY—STRONG AND DURABLE—
JUST THE KIND TO STAND THE HARD WEAR OF
THESE BUSY LITTLE FOLKS. YOU CAN BUY
WHAT YOU WANT FOR THE CHILDREN IN OUR
STORE AND THE PRICE WILL LE LOW FOR THE
HIGH QUALITY WE GIVE YOU.

WE WELCOME CHILDREN IN OUR STORE.

CARSON & CO.

INCORPORATED.

Hartford, Kentucky.

RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT.

Resolutions of Rough River Lodge
No. 110, Knights of Pythias on the
death of Chancellor Commander
John W. Taylor:

Whereas, in the due course of hu-
man events as the sun was being
lowered behind the Western hills
and in the deep hush that o'er the
earth was stealing, there came to us
the shock that our brother and wor-
thy Chancellor Commander, John W.
Taylor, had left us, and

Whereas, in this sad picture the
golden cord of Pythian love that
bound each of our hearts to the life
of this noble Knight, was suddenly
severed, therefore be it

Resolved, that in his passing we
recognize the sweet transition of a
human life from a world of sorrows
and cares to a beautiful city whose
maker and builder is God, and that
from each of the tenderest of our
heart strings there goes out to his
dear wife and baby the sweetest
sympathy that can flow from a hu-
man heart.

JAMES H. WILLIAMS,
H. E. BROWN,
JOHN T. MOORE,
Committee.

Expecting Five Months' War.

London, Aug. 24.—Various esti-
mates are made in the insurance
market as to the length of the war.
At Lloyds underwriters are insuring
risks on the basis of war continuing
until after the end of the year. On
policies reading to pay a total loss
in event of there being no declara-
tion of peace before December 31,
next, a premium of 50 guineas per
cent. is charged.

MT. PLEASANT BAPTIST CHURCH CENTENNIAL, 1914

Mt. Pleasant Baptist church,
Fordsville, Ky., was constituted the
first Saturday in November, 1814,
and now on its 100th anniversary it
proposes to hold, on the 11th of No-
vember, 1914, a Centennial at the
church house in Fordsville, Ky. A
general invitation is extended to all
ex-pastors and other good Baptists
to come and help us celebrate the
day. The speakers on the History
and Doctrine of the Baptists will be
Rev. B. F. Jenkins, of Owensboro,
Ky., and Rev. A. B. Gardner, of Bea-
ver Dam, Ky.

Doors opened at 9:30 a. m. Re-
ligious exercises to be conducted by
the oldest Baptist minister present.

Ten o'clock a. m. address by Eld. B.
F. Jenkins on History of the Church,
after which adjournment for refresh-
ments.

Two p. m. reassemble. Prayer by
youngest Baptist minister present.
2d. Collection to pay expenses of
centennial. By pastor of church, by
Eld. J. T. Lewis.

3d. Address by Rev. A. B. Gard-
ner on the Doctrines of the Baptist
Church and "What Baptists Should
Stand For."

4th. Short talks by brethren, &c.
J. P. GILLMORE,
E. N. MORRISON,
Committee.

THE "ORPHAN BRIGADE" TO MEET SEPTEMBER 24

The Louisville Times says:

Plans for the annual meeting of
the Orphan Brigade were perfected
at a meeting of the Executive Com-
mittee of the organization, which
was held in the offices of John W.
and D. S. Green. An invitation from
the Mayor of Elizabethtown, and a
letter from Ben Hardin Helm Chap-
ter, Daughters of the Confederacy,
were read at the meeting, and it was
decided to hold the annual event at
Elizabethtown on September 24.

To perfect arrangements for the
meeting, the following committees
were appointed: Transportation,
Gen. W. B. Haldeman, Judge T. I.
Burnett and E. Polk Johnson; Fi-
nance, John B. Pirtle, I. P. Barnard
and Col. Bennett H. Young; Music,
Maj. John H. Leathers, J. S. Car-
penter and Elijah Basye; Ladies,
Gen. John B. Castleman, Capt.
George C. Norton and Col. Andrew
Cowan; Program and Arrangements,
Maj. Samuel H. Buchanan, John W.
Green and Col. Thomas D. Osborne.

Tourists In Trouble.

After undergoing hardships, many
American tourists, who were in Ger-
many when war was declared, have
arrived in Holland. They report
that they were treated courteously
except on the day when England de-
clared war, when many Germans as-
sumed threatening attitudes on hear-
ing English spoken.

Good Price for Cow.

What is so far as is known the
highest price ever received in Car-
lisle county for a milch cow was paid
to Ed Holt last week by Arthur
Wiley, of Columbus. The price paid
was \$125.—[Arlington Courier.]

New Jersey canning industries
employ more than 3,000 women.

Special Close-Outs

We are not advocates of carrying over summer goods to another summer, hence we have grouped quite a number of our best specials that will meet the every-day demand of our trade. We do not regard profit on them, but give them to you at manufacturer's price.

GROUP 1

Boy's blue Cottonade and Kahki pants, fine for school wear, former price 50c, sale price 39c

GROUP 2

Ladies' new style Slippers, Gun Metal or Patent Leather, former price \$2.50, our special sale price\$1.98

GROUP 3

Our entire line of Men's Oxfords, Tans, Gun Metal, latest toes, regular \$3.50 quality, sale price\$2.98

GROUP 4

Remnant stock of Millinery. Many good styles left. Of course you will not want them at our first price, but remember the price is now one-half. That means you get a \$3.00 hat for\$1.50

GROUP 5

Children's blue check wash pants, another good one for school, ages 10 to 16 years, sells for 50c, sale price to you39c

Besides the special groups, we are offering many specials in New Fall Wear. If in need consult us, and REMEMBER THAT IT PAYS TO TRADE WITH A HOUSE THAT SAVES YOU MONEY.

FAIR & Co.
THE FAIR DEALERS

LOCAL NEWS AND PERSONAL POINTS

"There's a Photographer" in Hartford. SCHROETER.

Miss Victoria Barnard is visiting relatives in Central City.

Mr. Marvin Prather, of Madisonville, was in Hartford Monday.

Everything neat and clean at City Restaurant. JAMES LYONS.

When in Hartford stop at City Restaurant. We will please you. JAMES LYONS.

Miss Mildred Shaver, Earlinton, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Williams.

Mrs. Wayne Griffin is in Louisville this week, visiting relatives and friends.

Mr. Ira Acton, Olaton, Route 1, was among The Herald's callers yesterday.

Mr. Wesley Thomas, of Louisville, is visiting his niece, Mrs. J.W. Moseley, city.

Mr. J. L. Bennett, Hartford, Route 2, has moved with his family to Simmons, Ky.

Mr. Charles Barnard, one of our local boys, has joined the United States army.

Mr. J. Wes Hocker, Beaver Dam, lost a valuable livery horse last Wednesday night.

Mr. Clarence Barnard is visiting his uncle, J. T. Barnard, near South Carrollton, Ky.

Mrs. Amanda Nance left yesterday for a visit to relatives and friends at Hefflin and Owensboro.

Mrs. J. L. Benett, Simmons, Ky., gave The Herald a pleasant call while in town Friday.

For Sale—A Jersey heifer. For further particulars call on or address ARTHUR PETTY, Hartford, Ky.

Mrs. J. P. Jasper and daughter Miss Mabel, are visiting relatives and friends in Central Kentucky.

OLD PAPERS FOR SALE at The Herald office. Nice and clean, tied up in bundles. Large bundle, 5c. if

For a buggy as cheap as the cheapest and as good as the best, call on Cooper & Co., Hartford. They can save you money on anything you may need in this line. See them before buying.

grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Renter, Hartford, a few days last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Francis Little, of Wichita, Kan., who had been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Stevens, of Prentiss, this county, returned home last Friday.

Masters Hugh and Elwood Wallace, of Central City, who have been visiting their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. S. T. Barnett, city, have returned home.

Mr. Ernest Woodward made a flying trip to Calhoun last Saturday on legal business. He was accompanied by his wife and children. Mr. Douglas Felix took them over in his car.

Mr. W. B. Renter and wife, who had been visiting relatives and friends at Prentiss since last Thursday, returned home Sunday afternoon. They report a delightful visit.

Mr. E.G. Barrass presented us last week with a large peach, grown on his premises here. It is about the largest we have seen this year and weighs a fraction over one-half pound.

Mrs. C. E. Rogers, of Elkton, Ky., is visiting her parents, Capt. and Mrs. S. K. Cox. She accompanied her nieces, Misses Lurene and Kennedy Collins, who had been visiting her, back home.

Mr. Ira Acton, Olaton, Route 1, who has been sojourning in Taylorsville, Ill., since last March, arrived home Tuesday. He reports a very short corn crop in Central and Southern Illinois.

Mr. Iris B. Huff and Miss Jennie Smith, of Fordsville, were married at the residence of Mr. Lon Rhoads last Wednesday. Dr. Pettie, pastor of the Hartford Baptist church, performing the ceremony.

Mr. Jake Byers, Central City, and Miss Lena Kelley, Rockport, were married at the County Clerk's office last Thursday morning. Rev. B. W. Napier, pastor of the Methodist church here, performed the ceremony.

Mrs. Dr. C. J. Rhoads, of Union City, Tenn., who is visiting relatives and friends in Hartford and the northern section of the county, where she was reared, was a pleasant caller at The Herald office Thursday.

Mr. J. W. Moseley is preparing to move from the Weinsheimer property on Washington street to what has been known as the Gunther property, now owned by Her & Black, on Center street, near Mr. Moseley's blacksmith shop.

In another column will be found the announcement of Hartford College, fall term, beginning September 7. This College is splendidly equipped for educational purposes, and the many young men and young women whom it has sent out into the world and who have won eminent success, is a standing testimonial of the worth and efficiency of this noted school.

Mrs. B. H. Ellis Dead. News has been received in Hartford that Mrs. Ernestine Ellis, wife of Mr. B. H. Ellis, of Ridge, Colo., died last Friday at 11:05 o'clock p. m. of hemorrhage of the lungs. After funeral services her remains were interred last Monday at 1 o'clock p. m.

The deceased, who was the youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Anderson, Clay street, Hartford, had been suffering from tuberculosis of the throat for some time and on the 17th of August the trouble, which had settled in her lung, produced hemorrhage. On the 19th she suffered a relapse and the third attack on the 21st carried her away.

Mrs. Ellis, who was in her thirty-third year, was united in marriage to Mr. B. H. Ellis in March, 1902. To this union were born two sons, one of whom preceded her in death about two years.

She leaves a husband, one 11-year-old son, many friends and relatives to mourn her sad demise.

Birthday Party. Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Moseley, city, entertained Thursday, August 20, in honor of their little son Cecil's eighth birthday. Many games were played and refreshments were served at six thirty.

Those present were: Misses Nokie Plover, Mary Moore, Geneva Moseley, Howard and Katherine Williams, Elena Moseley, Elizabeth Davidson, Eunice Lee; Messrs. John Riley, Z. Wayne Griffin, William Alfred Davidson, Edwin Davidson, William Bean, Wade Martin, Charles Crowe, Thomas Moseley, Virgil Crowe, John Moore, Charley Moseley, Arnel Likens.

Taxes Due For 1914. We have received the tax books and are now ready to give you a receipt. Please call at the Sheriff's office at your earliest convenience and settle. S. O. KEOWN, Sheriff Ohio County.

JUMPED INTO A WATER BARREL AND SUICIDED

Brooded Over Trouble With His Wife and Decided To End All.

The Central City Argus of Friday contains the following concerning a former citizen of Hartford who conducted a meat market here:

Tired of waiting for an I. C. train to come along and end his existence, Fount E. Keown, former proprietor of a restaurant near the depot plunged head first into a rain barrel at the short trestle back of Congressman Thomas' house at eight o'clock this morning and stayed under water until he drowned. There are some indications that the dead man dived from the railroad track into the barrel, which was buried in the ground and kept full of water to protect the trestle in case of fire. A bruised chin and the fact that a set of false teeth were out, indicates that he might have dived into the barrel and struck the edge.

Mr. Keown spent last night with his brother, John Keown, and was despondent because his wife had gone to Louisville with their two children. He told his brother that his wife had told him that he was of no more use to her, and it is also claimed that she had talked of having the dead man sent to the asylum. He brooded over these matters, and has been very "blue" for some time. This morning he said that he was going out to see his sister, who lives near Nelson. Rolling up some clothing, he left the house and started out the railroad. Near the ice factory he stopped and stood for a long time, as if waiting for a train to come along. Further out the railroad he was also seen to stop and stand on the track. No one paid any particular attention to him and he was not seen after eight o'clock.

Shortly after nine o'clock John Baxter started out the railroad to his home near Nelson. At the culvert east of the city he saw a hat, coat and bundle lying near the track. Going over to that side of the road, he found Keown with only his feet and legs sticking out of the rain barrel. Baxter watched the water to see if any bubbles indicated that the man was still breathing, but there was no sign of life. He ran to the brick kiln and called for help. The body was removed to a grove near at hand and Coroner Young was called. Chief Langley was also summoned and investigated the case. He says that there are no indications of foul play. The Moore took charge of the remains and had them removed to Moore's undertaking establishment.

James Tom Felix Dead. One of the saddest deaths in our county, last Friday morning when James Tom Felix, the youngest son of the late F. M. Felix, was almost instantly killed by the accidental discharge of a small single-barrel shotgun.

We are informed that he had started hunting and on opening a side gate it is supposed that the hammer of the gun was struck, causing it to be discharged, the load taking effect in his right breast, killing him almost instantly. As no one witnessed the tragedy, it can only be surmised as to just how the gun was discharged.

The deceased had been overheated in the July harvest field, since which time he had not fully recovered from periodical attacks of vertigo or kindred troubles which caused him to fall and it is thought by some that in one of these attacks the hammer of the gun struck some hard substance, causing the gun to be discharged. The finding of Dr. A. B. Riley, the Coroner, was that death was caused by the accidental discharge of the gun.

The deceased, who was in his thirty-fifth year, leaves a wife, seven small children—six girls and one son—a mother, sister, two brothers and many relatives.

Jim Tom, as he was familiarly known, was liked by everybody. The Herald joins in the sincerest condolence to the bereaved family.

Mr. John W. Taylor Dead.

Mr. John W. Taylor died suddenly at his residence over his barber shop in Hartford last Wednesday evening at 6:30 o'clock. For several weeks he had been ill of typhoid fever, but at the time of his death he appeared convalescent and seemed to be getting along nicely. He was lying propped up in bed by pillows and his wife had just brought him supper to him when his head dropped over as if in a fainting spell. Doctors were hastily summoned but it was found that he was dead.

Mr. Taylor came here from Birdseye, Ind., about ten years ago and engaged in the barber business. He was successful from the start, owing to the fact that he was an artist at

his trade, coupled with his very courteous and gentlemanly demeanor.

Mr. Taylor was one of the pillars of the Christian Church here and was a faithful and conscientious follower of the Master even unto death. At the time of his death he was also Chancellor Commander of Rough River Lodge Knights of Pythias. He is survived by his wife and little daughter Vivian, also several brothers, one of whom, Mr. Ben Taylor, has been with him several years in the barber business here.

His remains were taken to his old home at Birdseye, Ind., for burial, accompanied by relatives, also his pastor, Eld. H. B. Gwinn, who conducted the funeral services. Mr. Taylor was a splendid citizen, a good man in the strictest sense of the word and his genial presence will be sadly missed in this community.

OIL FIELD NEWS.

The oil fields about six miles north-east of Hartford are in good shape, notwithstanding some bad luck has been encountered in drilling.

The West Kentucky Petroleum Co. shipped 2,000 barrels of oil last month.

The Vance well No. 1, located 500 feet east of the Howard No. 2, was down 1,700 feet Monday evening and will likely be brought in at a depth of 1,800 feet. The showing is said to be good.

GREAT GAMES BASEBALL ARE COMING TO HARTFORD

The greatest athletic novelty in the world is the Nebraska Indian Base Ball team which has created so much comment by its brilliant players all of whom are genuine achieved during its seventeen years of travel throughout the United States and Canada. It is a rare and novel sight to see a team of ball players all of whom are genuine, Indians. When they come to the field with scowling faces and savage warwhoops some of the timid people in the grandstand grow nervous but the Indians are only showing their irrepressible spirits and never have trouble with anyone. It will be a great treat to see them play the Hartford team at East End Park on September 2 and 3.

New Drainage Law To Be Tested.

To further test the new drainage law the Illinois Central, Louisville & Nashville and Chicago, St. Louis and New Orleans railroad on Monday executed an appeal from a judgment of the county court in the Panther creek straightening proceedings, known as J. H. Hickman and others on petition for a ditch. It is expected to have a decision of the Circuit Court early in the September term, which begins the first Monday, or September 7, and the proceeding, because of the large questions involved, will be immediately taken to the higher courts. It will be finally determined in the Federal Courts, according to attorneys for the railroads, as they are largely interested in the law, nearly every ditch to be constructed in the State affecting a railroad of some consequence.—Owensboro Messenger.

FATHER OF 31 CHILDREN HAS FAMILY REUNION

The Elizabethtown News of Friday says:

On Tuesday, August 11, the fifteen children of Mr. Joshua Lancaster, living near the Hardin-Meade line, were gathered at his home for the first time in thirty-six years. Mr. Lancaster is seventy-eight years old, has been married four times, and is the father of thirty-one children, sixteen being dead.

At the reunion there were also present forty-seven grandchildren and sixteen great-grandchildren. Mr. Lancaster is unusually active, both mentally and physically for one of his years, and enjoys the distinction of being the father of one of the largest families in the State.

For Sale.

A dandy little sawmill—20-h. p. Hellman boiler and engine on wheels, fine steamer, up in good shape, one saw rig for same, has sawdust blower, fine feed, line shafts, rip table, cut-off saw, pulleys, belts, tools, etc. Reason for selling, owner gone South. Will sell it right. For particulars call on E. C. Brown, Ceralvo, Ky. 3114

MAXWELL.

Aug. 24.—School begins at this place Monday, August 30, with Miss Edna Bell as teacher.

Mr. Elmer Newcomb, of Evansville, visited his cousin, Jesse Newcomb, of this place, a few days last week.

Mr. J. O. Crowe returned from Arkansas Sunday.

Mr. Joe Ridgeway, of Utica, spent Saturday night with Napoleon Salmon.

BASE BALL.

The big show was not running at East End Park during last week, but the second string players took advantage of the occasion to pull off two interesting contests. The first was with McHenry on Thursday afternoon. A hard shower just before the game was called handicapped both teams considerably and resulted in a rather small attendance.

The opposing twirlers were Pirtle for the locals and Parrott for the visitors. Both performed well, but the former had a little the edge on his opponent, striking out eleven men and allowing only six hits. However he did not receive as good support as was accorded Parrott, with the result that the invaders got away with the game to the tune of 7 to 3.

The other contest was staged Friday afternoon between our embryo Champs and Sulphur Springs. The locals had again struck their stride and performed in fine style, while the visitors also put up a classy exhibition of the national pastime. May and Crowe toiled for Hartford, while Shrader and Taylor were on the points for Sulphur Springs. Both pitchers performed well and received excellent support, a close and interesting game being the result. The locals finally scored a deserved but well earned victory by the count of 5 to 3.

LICENSED TO MARRY.

Iris B. Huff, Fordsville, to Jennie Smith, Fordsville.
Jake Byers, Central City, to Lena Kelley, Rockport.

W. T. Caslin, Cromwell, to Golda Royal, Cromwell.
Guy Taylor, Echols, to Addie Singleton, Echols.

Gus Sharp, Hartford, Route 6, to Rosie Ambrose, Hartford, Route 6.

Pay Your Taxes.

The school tax for Hartford white graded school district No. 1 is now due and the penalty will soon go on. Come to the Citizens Bank and pay your taxes. J. P. STEVENS, 3214 Collector.

For classy job printing: The Herald



Nebraska Indians
—VS.—
HARTFORD
At East End Park,
Sept. 2 and 3.
Everybody Come!

A CHOICE MORSEL



Invites consumption. The horse is a fastidious animal that shows by his form a proper appreciation of care. Your hay, feed and grain should be up to the standard of quality. Good things are insured to those who deal with us. Our stock is confined to the top grade, while our prices are grounders.

W. E. ELLIS
The Produce Merchant
Hartford, Kentucky.

The Hartford Herald

Illinois Central Railroad—Time Table at Beaver Dam, Ky.

North Bound. South Bound.
No. 132—5:05 a.m. No. 121—11:00 a.m.
No. 122—12:29 p.m. No. 101—2:46 p.m.
No. 102—3:31 p.m. No. 131—9:00 p.m.
J. E. Williams, Agt.

SIDELIGHTS ON WAR IN EUROPE

Houses Of Hapsburg and Hohenzollern

ARE STANDING SIDE BY SIDE

Descended from Medieval Chieftains in Castles of Middle Ages.

HAVE RULED FOR CENTURIES

The House of Hapsburg and the House of Hohenzollern are arrayed side by side in war with England, Russia and France.

That is a correct statement of the conflict that to-day makes Europe one vast armed camp and causes the world to await the decisive clash of armies that have been in preparation forty years.

For Hapsburg and Hohenzollern rule Austria-Hungary and Germany and for centuries they have had the greater part of Europe under their sway. Since the thirteenth century the Hapsburgs have furnished emperors and their dominions have stretched at times from the Russian frontier through Spain and as far as the Netherlands.

Francis Joseph, Emperor of Austria, King of Bohemia and King of Hungary, is the present head of the House of Hapsburg. He was born August 18, 1830, and is therefore, eighty-four years of age.

When this aged monarch declared war on Serbia it was not the first time that the House of Hapsburg had thrown Europe into strife. The history of Europe is interwoven with that of the Hapsburgs; the changes in the boundaries of nations have marked the changes in the dominion of the house.

In the Swiss canton of Aargau, on the Aar, is perched the "Hawk's Castle," from which the name Hapsburg is derived. Here in the thirteenth century dwelt Albert, Count of Hapsburg, and he plundered from his Hawk's Castle so ruthlessly and valiantly that his son, Rudolph, in 1273, became Emperor. He increased the possessions of his house by seizing upper and lower Austria, Syria and Carinthia, while Corinthia and Tyrol were added half a century later.

From that time the Hapsburgs have been always among the great rulers of Europe. From 1437 to 1806, all the emperors with the exception of Charles VII, were Hapsburgs.

Under the Emperor Charles V, Spain was added to the Hapsburg dominions, but on his abdication in 1556 it was again placed under a separate ruler.

The thirty-years war was, in its earlier phases, an attempt on the part of the Hapsburgs to destroy the imperial elective constitution and form a vast hereditary dynastic empire, which should include all Germany.

An attempt to place a Hapsburg on the throne of Spain after the death of Charles II., in 1700, was foiled, though at the peace of Utrecht the Emperor Charles VI. obtained the Spanish Netherlands and the Spanish possessions in Italy.

On his death, in 1740, Maria Theresa, his daughter, was unable to prevent Frederick the Great's seizure of Silesia or to secure the election of her husband as emperor. In 1745, however, she succeeded in the latter aim. Since 1806 the Hapsburgs have ruled Austria and Hungary only.

Like the Hapsburgs, the Hohenzollerns, of which family the warlike Kaiser is the head, take their name from a castle—that of Hohenzollern, in Swabia.

The House of Hohenzollern traces its origin to Fassillon, who lived under Charlemagne. A younger son of the House, Conrad, sought service under Frederick Barbarossa, becoming burgrave of Nuremberg about 1170. In 1226 the family split into the Franconian and Swabian branches. In 1258 the burgrave of Nuremberg was Frederick III., head of the Franconian line, who contributed to the election of Rudolf of Hapsburg as Emperor.

In 1346 Burgrave John II. became Governor of Brandenburg, of which

later on Burgrave Frederick VI. was first elector in 1415. In 1701 Frederick III., elector of Brandenburg, became first King of Prussia; in 1871 the King of Prussia became German Emperor.

The collateral Swabian line, founded by Frederick, Count of Zollern, was in 1576 divided into the Hohenzollern-Hechingen and the Hohenzollern-Sigmaringen lines. Owing to the trouble of 1848, the year in which Europe was swept by revolutions, Prussia was unable to absorb these independent principalities. The proposal to raise Prince Leopold, of Hohenzollern-Sigmaringen, to the throne of Spain was the immediate cause of the Franco-German War in 1870.

FAIRM FACTS

By Peter Radford National Lecturer, Farmers' Educational & Co-Operative Union of America.)

Those who till the soil are the chosen people of God.

Farming is as old as the human race and is yet in its infancy.

Success is bound to come to the farmer who plans while he plows.

No civilization has ever advanced beyond its agricultural development.

No farmer is successful who thinks more of his barn than he does of his home.

The development of the farmer himself must precede the full development of the ground he tills.

The most beautiful fact in the farmer's work is that everything he plants is a lesson in faith.

The best farmer does not bother about getting ahead of his neighbor; his great business is to get ahead of himself.

We must give the people who live on the farm the same educational advantages for their children as those of the cities enjoy.

The country clergy is an agency of much potentiality because the rural life movement is religious as well as industrial and social.

There should be a social and an industrial survey of every community. The pastor, teacher and the school and church officials are they who should make such a survey.

In a recent survey of a community in New England, the average annual income of 154 farmers who had a common school education was \$229, while the average net income of 122 farmers of the same locality with a high school education was \$482 annually. This was worth to each farmer who possessed it \$253 each year.

Infection and Insect Bites Dangerous.

Mosquitoes, flies and other insects, which breed quickly in garbage pails, ponds of stagnant water, barns, musty places, etc., are carriers of disease. Every time they bite you, they inject poison into your system from which some dread disease may result. Get a bottle of Sloan's Liniment. It is antiseptic and a few drops will neutralize the infection caused by insect bites or rusty nails. Sloan's Liniment disinfects cuts, bruises and sores. You cannot afford to be without it in your home. Money back if not satisfied. Only 25c at your druggist. m (Advertisement)

UNCLE SAM WAS CLOSE TO WAR WITH MEXICO

Washington, Aug. 20.—Just how nearly the United States came to war with Mexico as recently as a fortnight ago was revealed today by some high officials of the administration.

When General Carranza abruptly rejected the overtures of the peace envoys sent by Provisional President Carbajal and at the same time ignored the diplomatic efforts of the American Government to bring about a peaceful entry of the Constitutionalists into Mexico City, drastic measures were urged upon President Wilson.

Several members of the cabinet—it is said a majority—argued in favor of sending American troops from Vera Cruz to the Mexican capital to prevent anarchy.

President Wilson, however, resisted all pressure, even when, a few days later, overtures came from the Carbajal Government, suggesting that American troops come to preserve order.

Great Weekly at a Low Price.

The Cincinnati Weekly Enquirer, a twelve-page paper recently transformed into the size and appearance of a daily, will be furnished in connection with the Hartford Herald at only \$1.35 for the two papers. This price stands good on renewals for The Herald. The Weekly Enquirer is an ideal newspaper, containing a big variety of reading and is especially suited to the farming classes. It is Democratic and progressive. This is certainly a low price for a lot of good reading.

Uncle Sam has given his official O. K. to the lightning rod.

Answering a correspondent who had been besieged by college boys selling lightning rods all summer, but who wanted the advice of the highest authority before purchasing, Secretary of Agriculture Houston advised him that a good rod would do all the agents promised.

"Do lightning rods really protect buildings?" the correspondent asked.

"Yes," the Secretary replied, "but the rods must be of proper character, properly installed and properly grounded."

"Do lightning rods on a building increase the danger of its being struck?" the correspondent then asked.

"Yes," again replied the Secretary, "but a properly rodged house may be struck several times without injury, whereas a single stroke without the protection afforded by the rods may cause disaster."

Secretary Houston gives this advice in the weekly letter to crop correspondents, issued under his direction. He advises farmers and others who want to know anything more on the subject of lightning rods to send for Farmers' Bulletin No. 367, which department scientists agree is the last word on the subject.—[Washington Times.]

POEMS YOU'LL ENJOY.

The Herald's Special Selections

"HAVEN'T GOT TIME."

Opportunity tapped at a door.

With a chance for the brother within:

He rapped till his fingers were sore

And muttered: "Come on, let me in.

Here is something I know you can do.

Here's a bill that I know you can climb."

But the brother inside

Very quickly replied:

"Old fellow, I haven't got time."

Opportunity wandered along

In search of a man who would rise.

He said to the indolent throng:

"Here's a chance for the fellow who tries."

But each of them said with a smile,

"I wish I could do it, but I'm busy to-day

Very busy to-day

And I'm sorry to say

That really I haven't got time."

At last opportunity came

To a man who was burdened with cares,

And said: "I now offer the same

Opportunity that has been theirs.

Here's a duty that ought to be done.

It's a chance if you've got time to take it."

Said the man, with a grin,

"Come along, pass it in!

I'll either find time or I'll make it."

Of all the excuses there are

By which this old world is accursed,

This "haven't got time" is by far

The poorest, the feeblest, the worst.

A delusion it is, and a snare;

If the habit is yours, you should shake it.

For if you want to do

What is offered to you,

You'll find time to do it, or make it.

NEW TREATMENT, "TWILIGHT SLEEP"

Is To Be Used In This Country Soon.

GIVES PAINLESS CHILDBIRTH

It Can Only Be Used, However, In Specially Prepared Hospitals.

CLAIMED IS BOON TO MOTHERS

Assurances of the success in America of the German method of practically painless childbirth called "Twilight Sleep," which up to the present has produced but indifferent results in hospitals here, is the message brought from Europe by Dr. John O. Polak, of the Long Island College Hospital, who arrived on the Celtic last Saturday.

Dr. Polak, who with Dr. Reuben Peterson, of the Michigan Medical College, made a study of the "Twilight Sleep" treatment practiced at the Frauenklinik attached to the University of Freiburg for the American Gynaecological Club, in his home at 287 Clinton avenue, Brooklyn, described yesterday the improvements in the German surgical discovery.

"On this my third trip to study the dammerschlag as practiced by Doctors Kronig and Gauss at Freiburg," said Dr. Polak, "I learned that it has hitherto not been a success in this country because American surgeons have not yet mastered all of the technique used by the Germans. I have also to my own satisfaction disproved the contention that American women, because of their nervous temperaments, were unsuitable subjects for the method. While there I had a rather nervous American patient who came through her experience with splendid results."

"I firmly believe that the 'Twilight Sleep' is a definite success and that it will not be long before it will be as successfully practiced here as in Germany. But the important thing which should be announced with all the emphasis possible, is that the 'Twilight Sleep' can be successfully administered only in the specially arranged quarters of a hospital and under the care of specialists who are giving individual and particular attention to each separate case."

"The method is not suitable for general practice, nor should American patients expect treatment in their own homes."

"I was pleased also at the improvement of German technique over what had been attained in 1912. At that time injections of scopolamin and morphine were used, while now a combination of narkophin, a derivative of opium and refined scopolamin is found to produce less excitement. This injection in varying proportions according to the particular needs of each patient, has produced practically perfect results."

"At Freiburg, of course, each patient is kept alone in a darkened and padded room, even the nurses wearing cloth-soled slippers in order to insure absolute quiet. The few dangers that still attend the use of the method can, I believe, be foreseen and avoided by periodic examinations."

Although the war in Europe will doubtless interfere with the importation of "twilight" preparations, Dr. Polak is of the opinion that with the experiments now being made in the Post-Graduate Hospital of the New York Medical College, the Lying-In Hospital of New York, and the Long Island College Hospital, American surgeons before very long will be able to guarantee results as uniformly successful as those attained at Freiburg.—[New York Sun.]

Whenever You Need a General Tonic Take Grove's

The Old Standard Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It acts on the Liver, Drives out Malaria, Enriches the Blood and Builds up the Whole System. 50 cents.

THE LIGHTNING RODS GET UNCLE SAM'S O. K.

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CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

Turnips As Emergency Crop.

Trenton farmers, always resourceful and progressive, have substituted an emergency crop, as the drought left them short in food supply. Our farmers instead of sowing "patches" of turnips are now sowing acres which they will use for both family use and stock. They will take the place of Irish potatoes in the home and corn for the pigs.—[Trenton Progress.]

Character.

A man who has spotted and soiled his garments in youth, though he may seek to make them white again, can never wholly do it, even were he to wash them with his tears. When a young man leaves his father's house, with the blessings of his mother's tears still upon his forehead, if he once loses his early purity of character, it is a loss he can never make whole again. Such is the consequence of crime. Its effects can not be eradicated; they can only be forgiven.—[Henry Ward Beecher.]

HEALTH PAST FIFTY

Careful diet is of utmost importance to men and women past fifty years of age; it keeps up their strength, and the oil food in Scott's Emulsion is a nourishing food, a curative medicine and a sustaining tonic to regulate the functions.

It contains the medicinal fats of pure cod liver oil and science proves that they furnish twice as much energy as other foods—then too, it creates pure blood, sharpens the appetite, relieves rheumatism, strengthens the body and alleviates the ailments due to declining years.

Scott's is free from wines, alcohol or harmful drugs. Beware of substitutes.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* In Use For Over Thirty Years **CASTORIA**

Exact Copy of Wrapper. THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Attention--Look Here

Now is the time to get the John Deere Wagons. Buggies, Cultivators, Mowers, Hay Rakes and Hay Presses, also Hercules Buggies. Don't forget that we can furnish you the best Binder on the market. Come now and contract with us, and we can have your machine here in time so the work can move on without delay.

Buy your Implements from the dealer that has the practical experience and that knows what a machine is when he looks at it.

Williams & Miller
BEAVER DAM, KENTUCKY.

HOTEL POWHATAN WASHINGTON, D.C.

HOTEL OF AMERICAN IDEALS

Located on Pennsylvania Avenue, 18th and H Streets. Washington's Newest Hotel.

Ideally situated, within two blocks of the Executive Mansion, only a short walk to the public buildings, shops, theaters and points of historical interest to visitors and tourists.

The famous Indian Grill Room, the beautiful Palm Court, the delightful Tea Room, Grand Pipe Organ (only one of its kind in Washington), and an Orchestra of a superior order, are attractions greatly appreciated by Powhatan guests.

Rooms with detached bath, \$1.50, \$2.00 and up. Rooms with private bath, \$2.50, \$3.00 and up.

Write for booklet with map.

CLIFFORD M. LEWIS, Manager.

Ask for special itinerary for Bridal Couples, Conventions, Tourist Parties, Schools and Colleges.

KENTUCKY STATE FAIR

SEPT. 14th to 19th, 1914

\$3,000 SADDLE HORSE STAKE

\$1,000 Light Harness Stake
Student's Judging Contest

\$1,000 Roadster Stake
Farmer Boys' Encampment

TROTTER AND PACING RACES EACH DAY

Fine Exhibits of Horses, Cattle, Swine, Sheep, Poultry, Field Seed and Grain, Horticulture and Woman's Handiwork

CLEAN MIDWAY AND FREE ATTRACTIONS

GRAND FIREWORKS DISPLAY

"BATTLE OF MEXICO"

Reduced Railroad Rates For Catalogue and Entry Blank Address

J. L. DENT, Secretary,
705 Paul Jones Building, LOUISVILLE, KY.

IT'S HISTORY REPEATING ITSELF IN WAR STORY

Belgium and Belgrade Have
Figured In All the Eu-
ropean Strife.

History has partly repeated itself in old fashion during the last few days, as regards both Belgium and Belgrade.

When France and Germany went to war in 1870 Belgium was then, as later, "neutral." More than thirty years earlier all the Powers had solemnly pledged themselves to "recognize the independence of Belgium as a neutral State." And when Holland (from which Belgium had recently been detached) refused to sign this treaty a combined French and English fleet and a French army were rushed to the Netherlands to make the Dutch see reason. The Dutch saw it and signed.

At the outbreak of the Franco-Prussian war Belgium realized in what a ticklish position she stood; as a buffer country in the path of both hostile forces. So she promptly put her little army on a war footing and rush it to the frontier; and adopted every other possible measure for defense. Just as she has now done.

The tiny neutral State's danger at this crisis aroused tremendous excitement in England. The British Government formally "declared its intention to maintain the integrity of Belgium." The British Government also warned both France and Germany to keep their hands off and "not to violate the neutrality of Belgium."

France and Germany willingly agreed. And the agreement was kept. True, a throng of French soldiers, fleeing from Sedan, early in September, 1870, poured over the Belgian border. But they came thither through necessity and not through choice; because it was the nearest haven of refuge. And on their arrival they laid down their arms and were duly "interned."

Austria's recent attack in Belgrade is not a novel experience for either the attacker or the attacked. In fact, "an Austrian army awfully arrayed," has "boldly by battery besieged Belgrade," so often that it has got to be almost a habit. Here is the list:

First, in 1688, when Belgrade was a Turkish possession, Austria captured and held the city; only to lose it again in 1690. Second, in 1717, Prince Eugene's Austrian army wrested Belgrade from the Turks after a fierce struggle, and for twenty-two years Austria remained ruler of the oft-captured city.

Then came another half century of Turkish rule, after which the Austrians again stormed and seized Belgrade, holding it three years this time, then losing it again to the Serbians—temporarily at least—in 1807.—[Chicago Journal.]

Modern Living.

Lobster and champagne for supper—that's high jinks. Sawdust and near-coffee for breakfast—that's hygiene. Between these two eminences, however, there's room for some genuine living.—[Life.]

DESPERATE FIGHTING ON THRESHOLD OF BRUSSELS

London, Aug. 20.—A dispatch to Reuter's News Agency from Ghent, Belgium, says:

"Yesterday's fighting at Aerschot was extremely hot. The appearance of two German aviators was the first intimation that the Ger-

mans, who had been repulsed on the previous evening, intended to renew the attack.

"Flying low, the German aviators surveyed the position and then returned to report. Soon afterward the German infantry, supported by machine guns and artillery, opened a fierce attack.

"The Belgians were outnumbered but put up a desperate resistance. The troops on both sides fought like demons and the battle soon became a veritable butchery.

"Two Belgian regiments, which already had distinguished themselves in the forts of Liege, held the invaders in check for two hours. Both sides were losing heavily when the retreat was sounded.

"Maj. Gilson, whose nose had been broken by a bullet, took charge of the Belgian rear guard, which fought so stubbornly that only seven out of his force of 288 men returned."

REPUBLICAN PAPERS OUT OF LINE THIS YEAR

The Louisville Times says:

Two of the Republican papers of the State are already out of line with the Republican nominee for the long-term senatorship. Editor Stanley Wood, of the Mt. Sterling Gazette, and a son of the late John C. Wood, Railroad Commissioner, announces that his paper will not support the head of the Republican ticket this year, and this is followed by Col. Cicero M. Barnett, who publishes the Hartford Republican. Col. Barnett in his paper plainly intimates that his paper will not do anything for the Republican long-term senatorial nominee. Both papers are influential and their attitude is causing some concern to the g. o. p. managers, who are none too long on newspaper support for the Republican ticket as it is.

HUGE ENGINEERING JOB OF BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION

In the erection of the Quebec Bridge across the St. Lawrence River, which will have the greatest span in the world, over 60,000 tons of steel are to be assembled in three spans of a combined length of 2,830 feet, 150 feet above the water. The river is 200 feet deep, with a tide of 16 feet and a current of eight miles an hour. Pieces weighing 185 tons and compound members nearly 300 feet long, weighing more than 1,200 tons, are to be handled in midair and assembled and maintained with precision. Two cantilever arms must be built out self-supporting for 580 feet beyond their piers and remain exposed for months to the severest storms, and a 640-foot double track 5,000-ton railroad span must be built at a distance, floated to the site, raised 150 feet and connected to them with great speed and accuracy.—[Chicago Journal.]

Lessons of Napoleon III.

Napoleon III. went gayly to war in 1870, and when the conflict had ended there was no longer a Napoleon III. France was a republic.

The pretext for Napoleon III.'s war was as trivial as the present war Franz Joseph's war against Serbia. Wars that are manufactured by dynasties and politicians often bring unexpected results, and history has a habit of repeating itself.

The fate of Napoleon III. might be worth the consideration at this time not only of the Hapsburgs and Hohenzollerns, but even of the Romanoffs.—[New York World.]

Invigorating to the Pale and Sickly

The Old Standard general strengthening tonic, GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC, drives out malaria, enriches the blood, and builds up the system. A true tonic. For adults and children. 50c

Growth Of Germany.

A century ago there was no German empire—only a number of German States whose aggregate wealth and income were probably less than those of France. Now united Germany is estimated to possess an income of nearly \$10,000,000,000, and accumulated wealth of about \$80,000,000,000. During the century Germany's population has grown from 24,000,000 to more than 67,000,000, or 180 per cent.—[Chicago Journal.]

Work of Jehovah.

That there is a shortage in the tobacco crop is regarded as providential by Editor John L. Smith, of the Fulton News. He says:

"When the short-sighted husbandmen of the country prepared to cover the face of the earth in tobacco, Providence intervened by withholding the rain, knowing people would have more need for bread and meat. Much tobacco land has been planted to corn, and now, with plenty of rain, the late planting promises good yield, thus making up for part of the shortage in the early planting.

"Jehovah also knew the foreign war would break forth and the tobacco would need bread instead of tobacco."

E. F. Davis, State executioner, has executed 180 persons in New York State prisons

CALL FOR VOLUNTEERS IN NIGHT SCHOOL WORK

For the Sake of Kentucky's
Citizenship and Her Illit-
erate Folks.

While European countries are calling for volunteers in a conflict of war, Kentucky is calling for volunteers in a conflict of peace, a conflict which, if eventually and successfully waged, will insure to the people of this great Commonwealth a new era of peace, happiness and prosperity. Kentucky has one blight and blot upon her record at this time, and that is the high percentage of illiteracy among her adult population; 208,084 of her men and women cannot read or write, and are thus deprived of the privileges of citizenship and prevented from enjoying the richest blessings of life. These men and women are mostly native whites. Many of them are people of superior intellect and some of them, at least, are ambitious. However much they may hunger for an education, the day school can offer them no opportunity. It must accommodate the children. The State is deprived of the service of these unfortunate men and women, and the school is deprived of their intelligent co-operation. Three weeks' instruction in moonlight schools would enable them to read and write, at least, and when given the keys to knowledge, they will proceed to unlock the treasure house for themselves.

For the sake of this great army of benighted men and women, for the sake of their children and their grandchildren, for the sake of the cause of education, for the sake of a better and more intelligent citizenship, for the sake of a more creditable record when the census of 1920 is taken, for the sake of the Commonwealth which, when crime breaks out or epidemics prevail or dark days come, looks upon its illiteracy as the cause and laments, "My people are confounded for want of knowledge," we appeal to every public and private school teacher to enlist and start a moonlight school on the evening of September 7th, and to every citizen to seek out and instruct some one or more illiterates. "One thousand moonlight schools, fifty thousand adults enrolled, ten thousand illiterates taught" is our aim for 1914. Let all true and patriotic Kentuckians, men, women and children, rich and poor, young and old, white and colored, enlist for service in Kentucky's conflict against illiteracy.

KENTUCKY ILLITERACY COMMISSION.
Cora Wilson Stewart, President.

A DREAM OF THE ALMIGHTY

Last night I had this dream: The Eternal sat upon the judgment seat and caused the great throng of humanity to pass before Him. The Judge said to Moses: "What didst thou give to thy people?"

"The law."

"What did they make of it?"

"Sin."

Then He asked Charlemagne:

"What didst thou give to thy people?"

"The altar."

"What did they make of it?"

"The stake."

Then He asked Napoleon Bonaparte:

"What didst thou give to thy people?"

"Glory."

"What did they make of it?"

"Shame."

So He asked many, and each one made complaint that his gift had been dishonored by his people.

At last the Eternal asked also His Only Begotten:

"My Beloved Son, what didst thou give to men?"

"Peace."

"What did they make of it?"

Christ answered not. With pierced hands He hid His face and wept.

—[Peter Rossegger.]

Summer Constipation Dangerous. Constipation in summer time is more dangerous than in the fall, winter or spring. The food you eat is often contaminated and is more likely to ferment in your stomach. Then you are apt to drink much cold water during the hot weather, thus injuring your stomach. Colic, fever, ptomaine poisoning and other ills are natural results. Po-Do-Lax will keep you well, as it increases the bile, the natural laxative, which aids the bowels of the congested, poisonous waste. Po-Do-Lax will make you feel better. Pleasant and effective. Take a dose to-night. 50c at your druggist. (Advertisement.)

There are more than 100,000 cloakmakers in New York City.

JUST WHY EUROPE IS NOW ENGAGED IN WAR

Magnificent Stakes For Which
the German Emperor
Is Playing.

Whatever may be the result of the great conflict, or the verdict of history as to the responsibility of each nation in the premises, the heroic figure of the German Emperor will loom through the mist of battle and his bold defiance of the Powers must ever command the admiration of the world. Even the great Corsican himself never faced such stupendous odds, and future historians may say of the Kaiser's actions, as they did of the charge at Balaklava, "It was not war—but it was magnificent."

The stakes for which he is playing are the union of all Germanic peoples and the creation of a dominant power in the world. Years ago he said that Germany's future lies on the sea. The great German Empire has "comparatively little" sea coast. The ports of Bremen and Hamburg on the North Sea are the only ones of importance in the world's commerce. The Rhine, Germany's principal river, empties into the sea through Holland, and its vast burdens of freight for export must be transhipped in a foreign city, Rotterdam. If Germany could possess itself of Holland and Belgium it would have a magnificent littoral on the North Sea, and in addition to the commercial supremacy that would consequently come from the great ports of Rotterdam, Amsterdam and Antwerp, as well as several of less importance, Germany would, through their possession, so strengthen her naval position that she would have nothing to fear from Great Britain. Her present need in this respect is shown by the expenditure of over \$50,000,000 for the construction of the Kiel Canal, principally for naval purposes. It gives her a short and safe passage for her fleets from the Baltic to the North Sea and affords a secure haven in times of war. Its construction was necessitated by her lack of a strong naval base on the North Sea.

What sea power means to a nation is instanced by the fact that Great Britain, a country comparatively insignificant in area, and not rich in natural resources, has for centuries held the balance of power in the civilized world through the greatness of her merchant marine and her navy. Even Holland, a couple of centuries ago, was a mighty power because her flag flew from her vessels in every part of the world. Germany's quest of the sea is a vital part of the plans she has for future supremacy.

THE CAN OPENER.

(By Walt Mason.) This handy tool, the household pet, we ply with skill and speed; and in the modern kitchenette it's really all we need. The shining tool that opens cans makes household work a joke; it supersedes the pots and pans, the stoves that used to smoke. In olden times the toiling wives were always on their feet; they wore away their weary lives preparing things to eat. They fried the meat, they baked the beans, they cooked the spuds, I wist; they had no time for magazines, for euchre or bridge whist. How fortunate the modern wife, with many a leisure hour! For she can fill with glee her life, and languish in her bower. And when at evening comes her man, impatient for the eats, she says, "I'll open up a can of beans or deviled beef." It takes three minutes by the clock to get his meal in shape; he's so well trained he doesn't balk, or try to make escape. It may be, as hand over hand, he throws the victuals in, he sighs for grub, that isn't canned, that doesn't taste of tin. It may be that his vagrant mind recalls the old-time steak, the dishes of the good old kind his mother used to make. But idle are the man's regrets, and vain his hopes and plans; this is the age of kitchenettes, and things put up in cans.

A Bargain in Scholarships.

The Hartford Herald has for sale an \$80 scholarship in the Vanderbilt Training School for boys, Elkton, Ky., and a \$20 scholarship in the Bowling Green Business University, Bowling Green, Ky. These scholarships represent face value in cash on entering school. A liberal reduction on either if sold at once. Correspondence solicited. 28tr

Woman Spy Is Shot.

Brussels, August 22.—Four German girls were arrested here to-day on the charge of espionage.

Three spies, one a woman, apprehended at Louvain, have been shot.

Three persons, excited by the war news, have gone insane.

POTASH FAMINE WILL NOW AFFECT COUNTRY

War Cuts Down the Farmer's
Fertilizer and Threatens
Production.

Shortage in the supply of potash and other imported ingredients of commercial fertilizers manufactured in this country has caused an advance of from 5 to 10 per cent, in the cost of the product to farmers who have not contracted for their supplies. Further advances may be made, it is declared.

Announcement of an advance of \$1 a ton was made Saturday and this increase affects Kentucky. However, a great number of users of fertilizer have contracted ahead and manufacturers have given notice that they will endeavor to fill these contracts as long as their material lasts. Many manufacturers in the country have announced that in order to help the situation, they have agreed to reduce the proportion of potash in fertilizers and the co-operation of the dealers and farmer is asked for.

Conservation of the food for plant life is the watchword of the fertilizer manufacturers of the United States on account of the unexpected suspension of the shipments from Germany of potash, one of the necessary ingredients of fertilizer products.

Fertilizer manufacturers import from Germany each year potash to the value of \$20,000,000 for the manufacture of fertilizer, which, it is estimated, increases the amount of farm products of the country at least \$100,000,000 annually. Since practically all of the potash that is used in the manufacture of fertilizer in the United States is imported from Germany, the conservation of the supply on hand is necessary on account of the uncertainty of the war.

A Good Advertiser.

"He talks well, doesn't he?"
"Yes; he has to. He's employed by the artesian company."

Cures Old Sores, Other Remedies Won't Cure. The worst cases, no matter of how long standing, are cured by the wonderful, old reliable Dr. Porter's Antiseptic Healing Oil. It relieves Pain and Heals at the same time. 25c, 50c, \$1.00

In the Sugar Bowl?

Mrs. Romer had her ants here for dinner Sunday.—[Mercuryville Banner.]

Master Commissioner's Sale.

Ohio Circuit Court, Kentucky.
Joseph Leach, Plaintiff.

vs.
F. M. Petty, et al., Defendants.

By virtue of a judgment and order of sale of the Ohio Circuit Court, rendered at the June term, 1914, in the above cause for the purpose of dividing the proceeds amongst the parties as their interests may appear, after first paying the costs here, including a reasonable attorney's fee, I will offer for sale by public auction at the court house door in Hartford, on Monday, the 7th day of September, 1914, about one o'clock p. m., upon a credit of six and twelve months, the following described property, to-wit:

A certain tract of land in Ohio county, Kentucky, bounded as follows:

Beginning at a sweet gum and white oak, one of James Leach's corners; thence with his line S. 73 E. 100 1/4 poles, to two hickories and post oak, corner to Mitchell's land; thence with Mitchell's line N. 26 E. 78 poles to four white oaks, another of Mitchell's corners in the forks of a branch; thence with another of his lines, S. 81 1/2 E. 15 poles to a white oak, two black oaks, and three hickories, Davis' corner; thence with Davis' line N. 13 1/2 E. 75 poles to a large post oak and two small black oaks on a point, another of Davis' corners; thence with another of his lines N. 29 1/2 W. passing Davis' corner at eighteen poles, in all 34 poles, to a planted stone; thence S. 60 W. 187 poles to the middle of the Her big road, a black walnut standing near on the east side of the road, being marked; thence with the middle of said road S. 43 1/2 E. 22 poles, a black walnut and persimmon being marked near and on the east side of said road; thence S. 47 W. 36 poles to a maple and two dogwoods in a bottom and in James Leach's line; thence with said line S. 33 1/2 E. 20 poles to a large dead white oak in Leach's improvement; thence with another of his lines N. 50 E. 11 1/2 poles to the beginning, containing 100 acres, more or less.

The above tract of land will be sold subject to the lifetime interest of Angie P. Leach.

The purchaser will be required to execute bond with approved security immediately after sale.

This 18th day of August, 1914.
E. E. BIRKHEAD.

Master Commissioner.
J. M. Porter, Attorney.

JUST ONE WORD that word is

Tutt's,
it refers to Dr. Tutt's Liver Pills and
MEANS HEALTH.

Are you constipated?
Troubled with indigestion?
Sick headache?
Vertigo?
Bilious?
Insomnia?
ANY of these symptoms and many others indicate inaction of the LIVER.

You Need
Tutt's Pills
Take No Substitute.



THE THRICE-A-WEEK EDITION OF
THE NEW YORK WORLD.

Practically a daily at the
price of a weekly. No other
newspaper in the world gives so
much at so low a price.

This is a time of great events, and you will want the news accurately and promptly. All the countries of the world steadily draw closer together, and the telegraph wires bring the happenings of every one. No other newspaper has a service equal to that of the World and it relates everything fully and promptly.

The World long since established a record for impartiality, and anybody can afford its Thrice-a-Week edition, which comes every other day in the week, except Sunday. It will be of particular value to you now. The Thrice-a-Week World also abounds in other strong features, serial stories, humor, markets, cartoons; in fact, everything that is to be found in a first-class daily.

The Thrice-a-Week World's regular subscription price is only \$1.00 per year, and this pays for 156 papers. We offer this unequalled newspaper and the Hartford Herald both one year for only \$1.65.

The regular subscription price of the two papers is \$2.00.

Just think of it! Four papers a week, one year, for only \$1.65.

Professional Cards.

S. P. McKINNEY DELMAR STEWART

McKinney & Stewart

Beaver Dam, Ky.

Mutual Benefit Life, Newark, N. J., and Fire Insurance. Will also make Your Bond.

BARNES & SMITH
Attorneys At Law
HARTFORD, KENTUCKY.

Messrs. W. H. Barnes and C. E. Smith announce that they have formed a partnership for the general practice of law, except criminal and divorce cases. Mr. Smith being County Attorney, is prevented from practicing such cases. Mr. Barnes will individually accept such practice. Office in Hartford Republican building, Hartford, Ky.

J. M. PORTER,
Attorney at Law,
BEAVER DAM, KY.

Will practice his profession in Ohio and adjoining counties. Special attention given to all business entrusted to his care.

FRANK L. FELIX,
Attorney at Law,
HARTFORD, KY.

Will practice his profession in Ohio and adjoining counties and in the Court of Appeals Criminal practice and Collections a specialty. Office in the Herald building

T. Wade Stratton Otto C. Martin,
Cromwell, Ky. Hartford, Ky.

STRATTON & MARTIN
Attorneys at Law
HARTFORD, KY.

Will practice his profession in this and adjoining counties. Collections, Commercial and Criminal Practice a Specialty. Prompt and vigorous service.

HERE'S THE PLACE!

If you want clothes of any kind cleaned, call on the Hartford Pressing Club. We can clean any kind of clothes you have and guarantee perfect satisfaction. We also have a new line of late samples and we guarantee a perfect fit. Call on us when in need of work in our line.

Hartford PRESSING Club

Fred Nall, Mgr.

WHY IT SUCCEEDS

Because It's For One Thing Only,
and Hartford People Appreciate This.

Nothing can be good for everything.

Doing one thing well brings success.

Doan's Kidney Pills are for one thing only.

For weak or disordered kidneys. Here is reliable evidence of their worth:

Mrs. W. N. Bartlett, 620 Triplett St., Owensboro, Ky., says: "For a long time I had nearly every symptom of kidney disease. My back ached terribly and I did not sleep well. During the day I was nervous and in bed all the time. My feet became swollen and I knew that I required a good remedy to cure me. I had often heard Doan's Kidney Pills highly recommended, so I got a supply and began taking them as directed. Doan's Kidney Pills cured me."

Price 50c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Bartlett had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props, Buffalo, N. Y.

The Hartford Herald

H. & E. RAILROAD TIME TABLE AT HARTFORD, KY.

The following L. & N. Time Card is effective from Thursday, Jan. 23:

North Bound—
No. 112 due at Hartford 7:19 a. m.
No. 114 due at Hartford 2:20 p. m.

South Bound—
No. 115 due at Hartford 8:45 a. m.
No. 113 due at Hartford 1:16 p. m.
H. E. MISCHKE, Agt.

SOME REAL FACTS REGARDING SUGAR

New York Producers Issue Bulletin.

NOT ALTOGETHER DEPENDENT On Other Nations For Our Sugar Supply—Proof Is Striking.

AMERICA'S GREAT PRODUCTION

"Facts About Sugar," a periodical devoted to the American Sugar production and published by the Domestic Sugar Producers in New York, contains the following in its August issue which will prove of interest to all consumers:

"The outbreak of war in Europe has resulted in a sharp advance in sugar prices. On July 30, the lowest net cash quotation of the New York refiners for granulated sugar was 4.165 cents a pound, while raw sugar was selling at 3.29 cents. By August 10 refined had advanced to 6 cents and raws to 5 cents.

"Germany, Austria, Russia and France, the nations actively engaged in conflict, are the chief sources of Europe's sugar supply, producing together some 7,500,000 tons of beet sugar. This is nearly 80 percent of the entire output of beet sugar and more than one-third of the total sugar crop of the world. Ordinarily Germany, Austria and Russia export a million tons or more of sugar to other countries, largely to Great Britain. The largest production and the largest exportation is that of Germany. The harvesting of the German beet crop is done principally by laborers from Russian Poland, and this labor will not be available if the war continues during the harvesting period. In all the countries involved in the war the labor supply is drained by military operations, and it is likely that the beet fields may be devastated by the movement of troops.

"Great Britain is the chief sugar importing country of Europe. Her yearly importations are over two million tons, of which approximately 700,000 tons ordinarily is drawn from nations now involved in war. With this source of supply cut off, Great Britain has turned to the New York market to secure sugar, buying 40,000 tons within the first few days of August and bidding up prices rapidly in order to obtain it. While the European war continues it will be necessary for the Britons to depend for sugar upon sources of supply on which usually they do not draw to any extent. It is evident from what has occurred already that they are likely to continue in sharp competition for Cuban sugar which ordinarily comes to the American market.

"The supply of Cuban and American grown sugar in sight at the end of July was just about sufficient to meet the estimated demands of American consumption up to the time when the crops now growing will become available. Any considerable outside draft upon this supply, therefore, was bound to show its effect at once in advancing prices.

"Fortunately for the United States, in spite of the curtailment of production in the cane and beet growing districts due to the reduction of the tariff, we still have a domestic production of sugar, including that of Porto Rico and Hawaii, which should amount to over one and a half million tons this year. This will serve as a great steadier of the market in case of a protracted war, and will prevent prices from going as high as they otherwise would, although the necessity of securing over two million tons from outside the United States, in addition to the domestic supply, will leave the American market under the influence of the general advance in world prices.

"One of the arguments that has been put forward against the destruction of the American sugar growing industry through the removal of the import duty on sugar is that it would expose American

consumers to all the violent fluctuations that take place in the European sugar market as a result of war, speculation or crop shortages. The present situation affords a striking illustration of the truth of this claim. If the United States were to double its sugar production, as might easily be done by the systematic development of its cane and beet growing industries, the American people would be entirely independent of the rest of the world for their sugar supply."

BEAVER DAM.

Aug. 24.—There will be a farmers' institute in Beaver Dam September 3. Everybody who is interested in agriculture is invited to be present on that occasion. Co-operation and other subjects of vital interest will be discussed by Dr. Fred Mutchler, head of the Agricultural Extension Department, State University, Lexington, Ky. Soil-building and Result will be discussed by Hon. J. W. Newman, State Commissioner of Agriculture, Frankfort, Ky. Lecture on scientific fruit growing and gardening by C. L. Clayton, Supt. Louisville Gardening Club. The new opera house will be given free for this occasion and no fees will be charged. It is not often that Ohio county people have men to lecture on the scientific methods of farming and those interested in farming will miss a treat if they fail to be present on that day.

Prof. B. Frank Stillwell, Owensboro, is visiting his brother, Prof. Logan Stillwell.

Mr. Coffee Taylor, of Birmingham, Ala., who has been visiting his brothers, Messrs. Everett and Richard Taylor, will return with his wife to his home this week.

Mrs. Fred Taylor and children, after a pleasant stay with relatives in Beaver Dam and Liberty neighborhoods, will return to their home in Princeton, Ky., this week.

Mr. Fred Mason has sold his interest in the meat shop to his father and will leave with his family this week for Tulsa, Okla., to make their future home in that city.

SIMMONS.

Aug. 23.—The mines at this place are not running very good at present on account of water.

Mr. Albert Smith is on the sick list.

Mr. Ira Plummer, bookkeeper, and Mr. J. E. McKenney, store manager of the Broadway Coal Co. here, are taking their vacations this week. Mr. McKenney is in Louisville and Mr. Plummer in Indiana.

Mr. M. F. Chumley has returned from a visit in Eastern Kentucky.

School at this place is progressing nicely with Mr. Sherman Taylor as teacher.

Several from this place attended the ice cream supper at No. 19 schoolhouse Saturday night. They report a pleasant time.

Messrs. Hubert Smith, Cecil Brown and S. E. Kendall left last week for Herrin, Ill., to work in the mines there.

"The nicest load of watermelons brought to this place this season was by Mr. Hubert Faught, of Cromwell.

Mr. and Mrs. Chester Fulkerson and Mr. and Mrs. Will Day visited in McHenry Saturday night and Sunday.

Mr. S. E. Hoheimer visited in Central City Sunday.

For Sale

Three full stock Poland China Sow Pigs and one full stock male Pig. These pigs will be registered in purchasers' name if so desired. They are out of registered sows and sired by a registered boar. They are as well bred as can be found in the United States. See

W. S. DEAN,
Dundee, Ky.

HOPEWELL.

Aug. 24.—Rev. Alec Royster preached here his last time for this conference year last Sunday morning and night. His subject was "The Prodigal Girl," from Proverbs, 30th chapter and Matth. 14.

Little Misses Irene and Elizabeth Bennett, of Central City, have returned home after a week's visit to Miss Margaret Taylor, accompanied by their grandmother, Mrs. J. R. Shull.

Mrs. Ed Dorch, of Wysox, who gave birth to triplets, one of whom died, passed away last Wednesday, the 19th, and was buried in the family graveyard Thursday. The other two babies are doing reasonably well. Mr. Dorch's mother is with them.

Miss Mary Benton, of Wysox, spent last Saturday night with Miss Beulah Miles.

Messrs. Morton Hunly and Arthur Johnson are visiting their uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hunly, of White county, Ill.

For Sale.

Span of mules 16 hands one inch high, weight about 2,500 pounds, age 8 and 9 years, also log wagon. Apply to L. P. Fulkerson, Ceralvo, Ky. 324p

VESSELS CHARTERED TO BRING AMERICANS

Steamers Sail From Italian French and Spanish Ports With Refugees.

Washington, Aug. 22.—Nine steamers, some of them already under way, had been chartered last night by diplomatic officers of the United States as auxiliaries to ships of regular lines in moving war-bound Americans from Europe.

The vessels include the Udina and Mafalda from Genoa; Espagne and Rochambeau from Havre; Infanta Isabelle or Alfonso from Barcelona; San Giovanni, San Guglielmo and San Gergio from Naples, and a steamer not named from Barcelona. The chartering of the Franz Joseph at Trieste has been authorized.

Outfitting of the army transports at Newport News will not be completed for two or three days. Secretary Garrison said last night. Their sailing orders are held in abeyance until it is determined where they will be needed.

Acceptance of the offer of the German Government to place ocean liners at the disposal of the United States for the transportation of refugees still is to be decided. Only one response has been received from the nations at war over the proposal of establishing the neutrality of such ships on a relief errand. Great Britain imposed the condition that any German ships used for the transportation of refugees should fly the American flag and be manned by United States officers. Secretary Bryan said the matter had not been entirely settled.

BARRETT'S FERRY.

Aug. 24.—Mr. Mike Bratcher, who has been ill of tuberculosis since last winter, died at the home of his grandfather, Mr. J. P. Lloyd, Tuesday, August 19. Funeral services were conducted at New Baymus Christian church Wednesday by Rev. Brown. Mike was an industrious young man, liked by all who knew him. He leaves two brothers and one sister besides a host of other friends and relatives to mourn his departure.

Mr. Joseph Bratcher, of Millwood, attended the burial of his nephew, Mr. Mike Bratcher, Wednesday.

Mr. Norval Bratcher and wife, of Goff's Crossing, also attended the burial of Mr. Mike Bratcher, who was their cousin.

Mr. Alva Blacklock left Saturday for Louisville, where he expects to secure work.

Quite a number of people from this vicinity attended the burial of Mr. J. T. Felix at Olaton, Saturday.

Born to the wife of Mr. T. V. Bratcher, Thursday, August 20th, a 12-lb. boy.

There seems to be a difference of opinion between the State Superintendent and the school book companies in regard to the exchanging of books. The former issued a statement declaring that books in any condition would be exchanged, but the latter, through their agents in this vicinity, refuse to take books unless they have good backs and contain every leaf. This is a great loss to the people and should be investigated.

RALPH.

Aug. 22.—Miss Auty Greer, of Whitesville, visited Miss Jessie Cambron this week.

The schoolmates of Master Willie Patton surprised him Saturday, August 15th, with a birthday dinner, it being his twelfth birthday. He received several presents. Ice cream was served in the afternoon. All spent an enjoyable day.

How To Cure a Sprain.

Asprain may be cured in about one-third the time required by the usual treatment by applying Chamberlain's Liniment and observing the directions with each bottle. For sale by all dealers.

OLATON.

Aug. 22.—We have the duty of reporting the saddest accident that ever happened in or near Olaton. On last Friday morning James Tom Felix, from the best information that we can gather, started to go squirrel hunting and while waiting near the yard gate for one of his little girls his gun was, by some unknown means, discharged, the load taking effect in his right breast, killing him almost instantly. He lived about two minutes, but never spoke a word. He leaves a wife, seven small children—six girls and one boy—mother, sister, two brothers and a host of friends to mourn his sudden death. The large assembly of people at the funeral attested, in no uncertain tones, the high esteem in which the deceased was held. The remains were laid to rest in the Olaton cemetery in the presence of about 600 sorrowing friends and relatives.

atives. Just think what a task is left on Mrs. Felix—seven little children to care for. There is one Helper whom she can call upon, who will watch over her and the little children, and help her in all her troubles. We know the near relatives and good people of Olaton and vicinity will ever be ready to lend her a helping hand in her sad bereavement. Dr. A. B. Riley, of Hartford, the Coroner, who was summoned, after viewing the body and hearing the testimony, returned a finding of death by accidental shot.

Zama Hall and family and Archie Mitchell and family have moved from Olaton to near Jingo, this county.

Mr. C. D. Bean visited Mr. C. F. Boswell and family, Narrows, from Friday until Monday.

Mr. Wilbur Johnson, wife and four children, of Sulphur Springs, and George Canan, wife and two children, of Horse Branch, spent the day Sunday with Mr. J. B. Canan and family.

Mr. Jack Harl, Shreve; Mrs. Addie Fentress and Mrs. Mercedes Duncan, Barrett's Ferry, took dinner with your scribe Saturday. They came up to attend the funeral of Mr. Felix.

Mr. Fitzhugh Morton and wife returned Saturday from Dyersburg, Tenn., where they had been visiting.

Misses Maude and Emma Shultz, of Narrows, visited Misses Mary and Stella Daniel from Saturday until Monday morning.

CENTRAL GROVE.

Aug. 22.—Mrs. A. T. McConnell, formerly of this neighborhood, died at her home in the Green Brier neighborhood Aug. 12, after a lingering illness of tuberculosis, aged 68 years. The remains were brought to McHenry where the funeral services were conducted by Rev. H. P. Brown, after which she was laid to rest in Renter cemetery. She leaves a husband, two sons, and two daughters. The deceased has long been a Christian and at the time of her death was a member of Independence Baptist church.

Miss Nora Maddox, of Owensboro, will leave to-day after a few days visit to her cousins, Misses Violet, Gladys and Eunice Loney.

Mrs. Granville Ingram and daughter Wilma Ruth, of Williams Mines, spent part of this week with Mr. and Mrs. E. Q. Cooper.

Mr. Owen Jones, of the Evansville & Bowling Green Packet Co., left Monday after a week's visit to the family of Mr. D. M. Park.

Miss Marjorie Mullen, of Princeton, Ind., and Miss Gayle Tichenor, of Hartford, spent part of last week with Miss Myrtle Park.

Miss Edna Coleman, of Louisville, was the guest of the family of Mr. Alney Tichenor last week.

Miss Lillian Bosket, of Indiana, is visiting Miss Livia McKernan.

Misses Bessie Hazelrigg and Irene Rhoads, of Beaver Dam, returned home Wednesday after spending a week with Mr. and Mrs. W. I. Igleheart.

Mrs. A. J. Williams and son Douglas, of Hartford, visited relatives here this week.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Acton, of Hartford, visited Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Miller, Sunday, and attended church here.

Mrs. Fred Traffon, of Brownsville, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. T. Brown, near here.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Stevens spent Sunday in East Hartford, the guests of the family of Mr. J. A. Hoeker.

Mr. Barney Hocker and sister, Miss Sadie, visited the family of Mr. Joe Shultz, of Prentiss, Sunday.

Mrs. Bettie Fulkerson, who had been visiting relatives here for the past two months, returned to her home in Paducah, Wednesday. She was accompanied by her mother, Mrs. Amanda Rowe.

MANY WOMEN ARE FARM LABORERS IN KENTUCKY

Washington, D. C. Aug. 24.—The farm laborers of Kentucky work on an average of 9 hours and 45 minutes per day, according to a report which has just been issued by the United States Department of Agriculture. Kentucky farms employ 196,000 laborers and the average monthly compensation is \$17.40 with board and \$24.00 if the laborer boards himself. More than 19,000 of the farm laborers of this State are women.

The average wage for farm labor in Continental United States is \$13.85 per month with board and \$19.97 without board.

Teddy's Present Stand.

Theodore Roosevelt has withdrawn his endorsement of Hinman, a Republican, as the Progressive candidate for Governor in New York State. He will support a straight Progressive ticket and campaign the State from end to end.

It may be to a man's credit to forget a lot that he knows.

Subscribe for The Herald. \$1 a year.

FERTILIZERS

Pure animal matter Fertilizer has always given good results in the production of Wheat.

A liberal use of good Fertilizers most always more than doubles your yield per acre.

Successful wheat growing cannot be accomplished without the liberal use of good Fertilizer.

Two generations of farmers in this county have used successfully the **HORSE SHOE BRAND** of **FINE RAW BONE** and **CORN** and **WHEAT GROWER**.

Our warehouse is loaded with these popular brands. Drive your wagon in and supply your needs.

E. P. Barnes & Bro.
Beaver Dam, Kentucky.

Hartford College

Begins Its Thirty-Fifth Year

SEPTEMBER 7, 1914.

Splendid equipment, strong faculty. Three teachers giving their time exclusively to High School work.

Tuition free to common school graduates. Enter at the beginning and take advantage of this opportunity to secure a High School Education at a nominal cost. For further information address

H. E. Brown, or Henry Leach,
President. V. President.

NEW INSURANCE AGENCY

I have recently purchased from A. C. Yeiser his recording Agencies for the following Fire Insurance Companies: Continental, Hartford, Aetna, Phoenix and Fidelity, underwriters, which includes the business written in all the towns and villages in Ohio county. These are all old line Insurance Companies and I will be pleased to hear from anyone in need of Insurance. Respectfully,

E. E. BIRKHEAD, - **Hartford, Ky.**

ALL ADVERTISING

Is good. Some is better and some best. And the best advertising medium in this section of the country is THE HERALD. It reaches the people who have money to spend.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

Of programs or any event to take place in the future, matters of general interest but not exact current news, should reach The Herald just as soon as possible after being decided upon. Please don't delay.